URIBE'S MASTER-KEY TO THE CASTILIAN LANGUAGE

CASTILIAN VERBS

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URIBE'S
Master-Key to the Castilian Language.

CASTILIAN VERBS

MODEL CONJUGATIONS *of the* TEN THOUSAND REGULAR, SEMI-IRREGULAR AND IRREGULAR VERBS.

Complete List of Irregular Verbs Alphabetically Arranged. Translated Into English and Grammatically Classified by

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DOMINGO EZQUER & CO.

Successors to

THE LATIN-AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO.

Los Angeles, Cal., U. S. A.

1917

Entered According to Act of Congress
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ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS BOOK

a.	Stands for	active
aux.	"	" auxiliary
def.	"	" defective
E.	"	" (Ellos) they
fam.	"	" familiar
fut.	"	" future
impft.	"	" imperfect
imp.	"	" impersonal
impve.	"	" imperative
ind.	"	" indicative
inf.	"	" infinitive
N.	"	" (Nosotros) we
n.	"	" neuter
p. or plu.	"	" plural
part.	"	" participle
perft.	"	" perfect
prest.	"	" present
pret.	"	" preterit
r.	"	" reflexive or reciprocal
s. or sing.	"	" singular
Sub.	"	" Subjunctive
Ud.	"	" (usted) you, sing.
Uds.	"	" (ustedes), you, plu.
V.	"	" vos o vosotros (you), sing. and plu.

INTRODUCTION.

A unique feature of this new pocket dictionary is that it gives at a glance the person, mood and tense of every verb in the Spanish language—a priceless aid and time-saver to the student, no matter what system of study he may have previously pursued or may desire to follow in the future. All other dictionaries, even those published in several volumes, give only the infinitive of the verb, leaving the inquirer to supply the regular or irregular terminations from memory. This is so trying a task for the foreigner that many an otherwise interested student has been so completely discouraged as to abandon the study of this beautiful and most necessary language.

With the present work at hand the intricacies of the irregular verbs lose their formidable aspect, for here are found the Spanish verbs with all their English equivalents expressed in a clear and concise manner. Many years of experience have taught me that as soon as the student understands the mechanical construction of the Spanish verbs he not only learns the language rapidly and without difficulty, but the verbs which had frightened him at first become the most absorbingly interesting and fascinating branch of language study.

Heretofore the hardest problem has been to present the different conjugations in so clear and intelligible a form that they could be readily comprehended, memorized and consulted by the average student, by

the business man, or by those who for years have had neither time nor inclination to review their grammar.

How often we hear, as a protest against the study of verbs:

"But those who speak Spanish do not ordinarily know the verbs, yet they speak the language."

This is true to a limited extent; but it is also true that such persons have, from infancy, heard the tongue spoken by their parents and daily associates, during a period when their minds were plastic and receptive, and sound alone was sufficient to impress them. Granting this to be true, children at the age of six years cannot read, write, or even understand thoroughly the most ordinary social conversation, and at no age can a person who has never made a careful study of the verbs occupy a public or commercial position, for in all walks of life a perfect understanding of the language and the ability to express ideas correctly is absolutely essential to the successful man or woman. It may be added that the subtle beauties of the delightful masterpieces of Spanish literature are only to be enjoyed by those who completely understand the verbs.

Is it worth while, then, for the prospective student, by neglecting the study of verbs, to consume at least six years in learning to speak Spanish no better than it would be spoken by a child half a dozen years old?

By a properly directed study of the verbs one can, in a remarkably short period, not only learn to read and understand the language, but he will be able intelligently and correctly to speak, write and translate Spanish. It is the function of this dictionary so to direct the energies of the novice that he may escape the drudgery and yet master the verbs with the minimum expenditure of time and effort.

In **Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language,** Part One, the scholar learns to apply these verbs in practical conversation, becoming familiar not alone with their usual grammatical significance, but also with their idiomatic use.

RICARDO URIBE.

TO THE TEACHERS.

1. The order in which the Spanish verbs are here presented is the result of my many years' experience in both class and private instruction. I have found it to be the simplest, most logical and progressive form that can be devised.

2. This arrangement is so planned that the knowledge gained of one verb greatly facilitates the learning of those which follow it in the course.

3. A business man, by taking two lessons each week, should be able within six months to master the contents of this book, together with fifty lessons of "Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language," Part One.

4. A high school student should be able to perform the same amount of work in the first period (nine months).

5. As soon as the scholar has learned the auxiliary verb "To Have" (Haber), he should be trained to use it with every verb he learns subsequently.

TO THE STUDENTS.

1. The study of the Spanish Verbs, as outlined in this book, is the easiest part of the study of the Spanish language.

2. A knowledge of the verbs economizes time, and enables any pupil, without exception, to converse freely upon all practical topics.

3. In studying the verbs, follow strictly the order in which they are arranged in this book; this arrangement is the result of much painstaking labor and careful thought, the product of the accumulated experience of scores of teachers and authors; to change it would be confusing and discouraging.

4. To understand thoroughly the use of the three forms of the imperfect tense of the subjunctive mood, i. e., "Hablara," "Hablaría," "Hablase" (I would, could, should, or might speak), or for a more detailed exposition of the

Spanish verbs, study Lesson 29 of "Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language," Part One.

5. The Castillian language contains about ten thousand verbs which are divided as follows:

Regular verbs ending in ar (See pages 16-19)	3,000
Regular verbs ending in er (See pages 20-23)	3,000
Regular verbs ending in ir (See pages 24-27)	3,000
Irregular verbs having individual irregularities (See pages 29-77)	24

All other irregular verbs are subject to the twelve rules found on Pages 80 to 109.

6. The third person singular always corresponds to the pronouns "he," "she," "it" and "you," singular, just as the third person plural corresponds to the pronouns "they" and "you," plural. Examples: él, ella, ello, usted habla, (he, she, it speaks, you speak). Ellos, ellas, ustedes hablan (they speak, masculine and feminine, you speak).

7. Be careful to use for every irregular verb the corresponding regular endings; for example, "jugar" (to play), and "adquirir" (to acquire), have the same irregularities, but "jugar" takes the endings of the first conjugation, while "adquirir" requires the endings of the third conjugation.

8. **NOMINATIVE PRONOUNS.** In general, the nominative pronouns are omitted, and are used only for the sake of emphasis, or to avoid confusion. However, the title usted (abbreviated to V., Vd. or Ud.) must not be omitted.

9. **SECOND PERSON SINGULAR AND PLURAL.** The second person singular, for example "hablas" (thou speakest), is used in addressing the Deity, or in conversation with relatives, intimate friends, children and servants. The second person plural, which corresponds also to the singular, for example, "vos" or "vosotros habláis," (ye speak), is employed in addressing rulers, diplomatic agents, audiences, and, in some cases, the Deity.

10. **ACCENTUATION.** Words of two or more syllables ending in a vowel, diphthong, n or s, have their prosodical accent on the syllable next to the last. Examples: hablo, hablas, hablan (I speak, thou speakest, they speak). Those ending in a consonant are accented on the last syllable. Examples: hablar, comer, permitir (to speak, to eat, to permit). Words not following the preceding rules have the stress indicated by an acute accent mark. Examples: habláis, hablábamos, hablé, hablaréis (you speak, we used to speak, I spoke, you will speak).

11. **DIVISION OF SYLLABLES.** Spanish syllables are supposed to begin with a consonant, except initial ones. Examples: an-dar, ab-sol-ver, ad-he-rir (to walk, to absolve, to adhere). Ch, ll and rr cannot be separated: que-rría, ha-llar, e-char (I would like, to find, to eject). Syllables formed by a single vowel should not stand alone at the end of a line, for example, e-char. The combination of any consonant with l or r cannot be separated. Examples: ha-blo, es-cri-bo, com-pro, con-tra-to, cua-drar (I speak, I write, I buy, I contract, to square).

12. **PRONUNCIATION.** A good instructor can teach the pronunciation in a few lessons far better than all that could be written on the subject, and the student is earnestly advised to obtain such assistance. For those who, for various reasons, may be unable to avail themselves of the services of a living instructor, the following remarks and table will afford a means of acquiring the correct pronunciation as closely as is possible through the medium of printed characters.

There are two accepted pronunciations, the Castillian and the Spanish-American; the only differences being in the sound of "c" before "e" and "i," and "z" and "ll" in all positions. All are given in their various combinations in the following table:

"C" is universally sounded like English "k" except when followed by "e" or "i," in which positions it takes, according to the Castillian custom, the sound of "th" in thin. The Spanish-American sound in the same positions is that of "s" in soon.

"Z" is always lisped in Castillian, having the sound of "th" in thank, but in Spanish-American countries it is sounded like "s" in sweet.

"Ll" in Castillian is identical with "ll" in William, but in the American pronunciation it is modified by the almost complete suppression of the "l" until it sounds like "y" in yawn.

"G" before "e" or "i" is aspirated like "h" in home.

"H" is always silent.

"J" is heavily aspirated, as "h" in the English word hot.

"U" in the combinations "gue," "gui," que, qui, is silent except when marked with a dieresis.

The vowels are:

a, which is pronounced as a in palm.

e, which is pronounced as e in they.

i, which is pronounced as i in machine.

o, which is pronounced as o in cone.

u, which is pronounced as oo in pool.

Following are the fundamental syllabic combinations with the figured pronunciation:

ca, ce, ci, co, cu, pronounced kah, say, see, ko, koo (Spanish-American).

ce, ci, pronounced thay, thee (Castillian).

cha. che, chi, cho, chu, pronounced chah, chay, chee, choh, choo.

ga, ge, gi, go, gu, pronounced gah, hay, he, goh goo.

ha, he, hi, ho, hu, pronounced ah, ay, ee, oh, oo.

ja, je, ji, jo, ju, pronounced ha, hay, he, hoe, hoo.

lla, lle, lli, llo, llu, pronounced yah, yay, ye, yoh, you (Spanish-American).

lla, lle, lli, llo, llu, pronounced lyah, lyay, lyee, lyoh, lyou (Castillian).

ña, ñe, ñi, ño, ñu, pronounced nyah, nyay, nyee, nyoh, nyoo.

ya, ye, yi, yo, yu, pronounced yah, yay, yee, yoh, yoo.

ay, ey, oy, uy, pronounced ahee, aee, ohee, ooee.

za, ze, zi, zo, zu, pronounced sah, say, see, sow, soo (Spanish-American).

za, ze, zi, zo, zu, pronounced thah, thay, thee, thoh, thoo (Castillian).

gue, gui, güe, güi pronounced gay, ghee, gooay, gooee.

que, qui, pronounced kay, key.

The other syllables are pronounced as in English: ba (bah); da (dah); fa (fah); la (lah); ma (mah); na (nah); pa (pah); axa (aksah); arra (ahrrah).

REGULAR VERBS.

MODEL OF THE FIRST CONJUGATION.

Simple tenses of the 3,000 regular verbs ending in **ar.**

INFINITIVE MODE.

*Habl	ar	To speak (Present)
Habl	ando	Speaking (Present Participle)
Habl	ado	Spoken (Past Participle)

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

†Yo	habl	o	I speak, I am speaking
Tú	habl	as	Thou speakest, etc.
‡Él	habl	a	He speaks, etc.
N.	habl	amos	We speak, etc.
V.	habl	áis	You speak, etc.
E.	habl	an	They speak, etc.

Past Imperfect. [speaking

Yo.	habl	aba	I used to speak, I was
Tú	habl	abas	Thou used to speak, etc.
Él	habl	aba	He used to speak, etc.
N.	habl	ábamos	We used to speak, etc.
V.	habl	abais	You used to speak, etc.
E.	habl	aban	They used to speak, etc.

Past Perfect.

Yo.	habl	é	I spoke, I did speak
Tú	habl	aste	Thou spokest, etc.
Él	habl	ó	He spoke, etc.
N.	habl	amos	We spoke, etc.
V.	habl	asteis	You spoke, etc.
E.	habl	aron	They spoke, etc.

Imperfect Future.

Yo	habl	aré	I will or shall speak
Tú	habl	arás	Thou wilt or shalt speak
Él	habl	ará	He will or shall speak
N.	habl	aremos	We will or shall speak
V.	habl	aréis	You will or shall speak
E.	habl	arán	They will or shall speak

IMPERATIVE MODE. Present.

Habl	a	tú	Speak (thou), familiar
Habl	e	Ud.	Speak (you), singular
Habl	emos	N.	Let us speak
Habl	ad	V.	Speak (you), sing. & plu.
Habl	en	Uds.	Speak (you), plural

††‡See notes on page 13.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo	habl e	That I (may) speak
" tú	habl es	That thou mayest, etc.
" él	habl e	That he (may) speak
" N.	habl emos	That we (may) speak
" V.	habl éis	That you (may) speak
" E.	habl en	That they may, etc.

Imperfect. First Form.

Yo	habl ara	I would, could, should or might speak
Tú	habl aras	Thou wouldst, etc., speak
Él	habl ara	He would, etc., speak
N.	habl áramos	We would, etc., speak
V.	habl arais	You would, etc., speak
E.	habl aran	They would, etc., speak

Second Form. [might speak

Yo	habl aría	I would, could, should or
Tú	habl arías	Thou wouldst, etc., speak
Él	habl aría	He would, etc., speak
N.	habl aríamos	We would, etc., speak
V.	habl aríais	You would, etc., speak
E.	habl arían	They would, etc., speak

Third Form. [might speak

Yo	habl ase	I would, could, should or
Tú	habl ases	Thou wouldst, etc., speak
Él	habl ase	He would, etc., speak
N.	habl ásemos	We would, etc., speak
V.	habl aseis	You would, etc., speak
E.	habl asen	They would, etc., speak

Future. [might speak

Yo	habl are	I would, could, should or
Tú	habl ares	Thou wouldst, etc., speak
Él	habl are	He would, etc., speak
N.	habl áremos	We would, etc., speak
V.	habl areis	You would, etc., speak
E.	habl aren	They would, etc., speak

*Habl is the stem of this verb and does not change in the conjugation because the stems in the regular verbs never change.

Ar is the ending of the verbs of the First Conjugation, its various changes form the different tenses.

ORTHOGRAPHICAL RULES OF REGULAR VERBS ENDING IN "AR"

I.

Regular verbs ending in "car" change "c" in to "qu" to retain the hard sound of c before e, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE

Practicar	To practice

INDICATIVE. Perfect Past.

Practiqué	I practiced, I did practice

IMPERATIVE.

Practique Ud.	Practice (singular)
Practiquemos N.	Let us practice
Practiquen Uds.	Practice (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo practique	That I may practice
" tú practiques	That thou mayest practice
" él practique	That he may, etc.
" N. practiquemos	That we may, etc.
" V. practiquéis	That you may, etc.
" E. practiquen	That they may, etc.

II.

Those ending in "gar" add "u" after the g to keep the hard sound of this letter before e, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Pagar	To pay

INDICATIVE. Perfect Past.

Pagué	I paid, I did pay

IMPERATIVE.

Pague Ud.	Pay (singular)
Paguemos N.	Let us pay
Paguen Uds.	Pay (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo pague	That I may pay
" tú pagues	That thou mayest pay
" él pague	That he may pay
" N. paguemos	That we may pay
" V. paguéis	That you may pay
" E. paguen	That they may pay

III.

Those ending in "zar" change "z" into "c" before e to follow general orthographical rules, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Gozar	To enjoy

INDICATIVE. Perfect Past.

Gocé	I enjoyed, I did enjoy

IMPERATIVE.

Goce Ud.	Enjoy (singular)
Gocemos N.	Let us enjoy
Gocen Uds.	Enjoy (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo goce	That I may enjoy
" tú goces	That thou mayest enjoy
" él goce	That he may, etc.
" N. gocemos	That we may, etc.
" V. gocéis	That you may, etc.
" E. gocen	That they may, etc.

Regular Verbs having two past participles of which the second or irregular one, is used as an adjective only: see pages 137 to 140.

MODEL OF THE SECOND CONJUGATION.

Simple tenses of the 3,000 regular verbs ending in er.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*Com er	To eat (Present)
Com iendo	Eating (Present Part'cp.)
Com ido	Eaten (Past Participle)

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Yo com o	I eat, I am eating
Tú com es	Thou eatest, etc.
Él com e	He eats, etc.
N. com emos	We eat, etc.
V. com éis	You eat, etc.
E. com en	They eat, etc.

Past Imperfect. [eating

Yo com ía	I used to eat, I was
Tú com ías	Thou used to eat, etc.
Él com ía	He used to eat, etc.
N. com íamos	We used to eat, etc.
V. com íais	You used to eat, etc.
E. com ían	They used to eat, etc.

Past Perfect.

Yo com í	I ate, I did eat
Tú com iste	Thou atest, etc.
Él com ió	He ate, etc.
N. com imos	We ate, etc.
V. com isteis	You ate, etc.
E. com ieron	They ate, etc.

Imperfect Future.

Yo com eré	I will or shall eat
Tú com erás	Thou wilt or shalt eat
Él com erá	He will or shall eat
N. com eremos	We will or shall eat
V. com eréis	You will or shall eat
E. com erán	They will or shall eat

IMPERATIVE MODE. Present.

Com e tú	Eat (thou) Familiar
Com a Ud.	Eat (you) singular
Com amos N.	Let us eat
Com ed V.	Eat (you) sing. and plu.
Com an Uds.	Eat (you) plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present

Que yo coma	That I (may) eat
" tú comas	That thou (mayest) eat
" él coma	That he (may) eat
" N. comamos	That we (may) eat
" V. comáis	That you (may) eat
" E. coman	That they (may) eat

Imperfect. First Form

Yo comiera	I would, could, should or might eat
Tú comieras	Thou wouldst, etc., eat
Él comiera	He would, etc., eat
N. comiéramos	We would, etc., eat
V. comierais	You would, etc., eat
E. comieran	They would, etc., eat

Second Form. [might eat

Yo comería	I would, could, should or
Tú comerías	Thou wouldst, etc., eat
Él comería	He would, etc., eat
N. comeríamos	We would, etc., eat
V. comeríais	You would, etc., eat
E. comerían	They would, etc., eat

Third Form. (might eat

Yo comiese	I would, could, should or
Tú comieses	Thou wouldst, etc., eat
Él comiese	He would, etc., eat
N. comiésemos	We would, etc., eat
V. comieseis	You would, etc., eat
E. comiesen	They would, etc., eat

Future. [might eat

Yo comiere	I would, could, should or
Tú comieres	Thou wouldst, etc., eat
Él comiere	He would, etc., eat
N. comiéremos	We would, etc., eat
V. comiereis	You would, etc., eat
E. comieren	They would, etc., eat

*Com is the stem of this verb. The stem of a regular verb never changes in the conjugation.

Er is the ending of the verb and its various changes form the different tenses. See notes on page 13.

ORTHOGRAPHICAL RULES OF REGULAR VERBS ENDING IN "ER"

I.

Regular verbs ending in "cer," change "c" into "z" before a or o to keep the soft sound of c, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Vencer — To conquer

INDICATIVE. Present.

Venzo — I conquer

IMPERATIVE.

Venza Ud. — Conquer (singular)
Venzamos N. — Let us conquer
Venzan Uds. — Conquer (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo venza — That I may conquer
" tú venzas — That thou mayest conquer
" él venza — That he may, etc.
" N. venzamos — That we may, etc.
" V. venzáis — That you may, etc.
" E. venzan — That they may, etc.

II.

Those ending in "ger," change "g" into "j" before a and o, to keep the hard sound of g, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Proteger — To protect

INDICATIVE. Present.

Protejo — I protect

IMPERATIVE.

Proteja Ud. — Protect (singular)
Protejamos N. — Let us protect
Protejan Uds. — Protect (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo proteja — That I may protect
" tú protejas — That thou mayest protect
" él proteja — That he may, etc.
" N. protejamos — That we may, etc.
" V. protejáis — That you may, etc.
" E. protejan — That they may, etc.

III.

Those ending in "eer," change the "i" of the regular endings in to "y" (for the sake of euphony), in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Leer	To read
Leyendo	Reading (Past. Partc.)

INDICATIVE. Perfect Past.

Leyó	He, she, you read
Leyeron	They read

SUBJUNCTIVE. Imperfect.

Yo leyera or leyese	I would, could, should or might read
Tú leyeras or leyeses	Thou wouldst, shouldst, etc., read
Él leyera or leyese	He would, should, could, etc., read
N. leyéramos or leyésemos	We would, could, should, etc., read
V. leyerais or leyeseis	You would, could, should, etc., read
E. leyeran or leyesen	They would, could, should, etc., read

SUBJUNCTIVE. Future.

Yo leyere	I would, etc., read
Tú leyeres	Thou wouldst, etc., read
Él leyere	He would, etc., read
N. leyéremos	We would, etc., read
V. leyereis	You would, etc., read
E. leyeren	They would, etc., read

Regular verbs of the second conjugation having two past participles, of which the second, or irregular one, is used as an adjective only: see pages 137 to 140.

MODEL OF THE THIRD CONJUGATION.

Simple tenses of the 3,000 regular verbs ending in **ir.**

INFINITIVE MODE.

*Viv ir	To live (Present)
Viv iendo	Living (Present Partic.)
Viv ido	Lived (Past Participle)

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Yo viv o	I live, I am living
Tú viv es	Thou livest, etc.
Él viv e	He lives, etc.
N. viv imos	We live, etc.
V. viv ís	You live, etc.
E. viv en	They live, etc.

Past Imperfect.

Yo viv ía	I used to live, I was living
Tú viv ías	Thou used to live, etc.
Él viv ía	He used to live, etc.
N. viv íamos	We used to live, etc.
V. viv íais	You used to live, etc.
E. viv ían	They used to live, etc.

Past Perfect.

Yo viv í	I lived, I did live
Tú viv iste	Thou livedest, etc.
Él viv ió	He lived, etc.
N. viv imos	We lived, etc.
V. viv isteis	You lived, etc.
E. viv ieron	They lived, etc.

Imperfect Future.

Yo viv iré	I will or shall live
Tú viv irás	Thou wilt or shalt live
Él viv irá	He will or shall live
N. viv iremos	We will or shall live
V. viv iréis	You will or shall live
E. viv irán	They will or shall live

IMPERATIVE MODE. Present.

Viv e tú	Live (thou) familiar
Viv a Ud.	Live (you) singular
Viv amos N.	Let us live
Viv id V.	Live (you) sing. & plu.
Viv an Uds.	Live (you) plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo viv**a**	That I (may) live
" tú viv**as**	That thou (mayest) live
" él viv**a**	That he (may) live
" N. viv**amos**	That we (may) live
" V. viv**áis**	That you (may) live
" E. viv**an**	That they (may) live

Imperfect. First Form.

Yo viv**iera**	I would, could, should or might live
Tú viv**ieras**	Thou wouldst, etc., live
Él viv**iera**	He would, etc., live
N. viv**iéramos**	We would, etc., live
V. viv**ierais**	You would, etc., live
E. viv**ieran**	They would, etc., live

Second Form. might live

Yo viv**iría**	I would, could, should or
Tú viv**irías**	Thou wouldst, etc., live
Él viv**iría**	He would, etc., live
N. viv**iríamos**	We would, etc., live
V. viv**iríais**	You would, etc., live
E. viv**irían**	They would, etc., live

Third Form. might live

Yo viv**iese**	I would, could, should or
Tú viv**ieses**	Thou wouldst, etc., live
Él viv**iese**	He would, etc., live
N. viv**iésemos**	We would, etc., live
V. viv**ieseis**	You would, etc., live
E. viv**iesen**	They would, etc., live

Future. might live

Yo viv**iere**	I would, could, should or
Tú viv**ieres**	Thou wouldst, etc., live
Él viv**iere**	He would, etc., live
N. viv**iéremos**	We would, etc., live
V. viv**iereis**	You would, etc., live
E. viv**ieren**	They would, etc., live

*Viv is the stem of this verb. The stem of a regular verb never changes in the conjugation.

Ir is the ending of this verb and its various changes form the different tenses. See notes on page 13.

ORTHOGRAPHICAL RULES OF REGULAR VERBS ENDING IN "IR"

I.

Regular verbs ending in "cir," change "c" into "z" to keep the soft sound of c before a and o, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Fruncir	To frawn, to curl, to plait

INDICATIVE. Present.

Frunzo	I frawn, etc.

IMPERATIVE.

Frunza Ud.	Frawn (singular)
Frunzamos N.	Let us frawn
Frunzan Uds.	Frawn (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo frunza	That I may frawn
" tú frunzas	That thou mayest
" él frunza	That he may, etc.
" N. frunzamos	That we may, etc.
" V. frunzáis	That you may, etc.
" E. frunzan	That they may, etc.

II.

Those ending in "guir," drop the "u" before "a" and "o" to keep the original sound of hard "g," in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE.

Extinguir	To extinguish

INDICATIVE. Present.

Extingo	I extinguish

IMPERATIVE.

Extinga Ud.	Extinguish (singular)
Extingamos N.	Let us extinguish
Extingan Uds.	Extinguish (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo extinga	That I may extinguish
" tú extingas	That thou mayest extinguish
" él extinga	That he may, etc.
" N. extingamos	That we may, etc.
" V. extingáis	That you may, etc.
" E. extingan	That they may, etc.

III.

Those ending in "quir," change the "qu" into "c" before a and o:

INFINITIVE.

Delinquir	To transgress

INDICATIVE. Present.

Delinco	I transgress

IMPERATIVE.

Delinca Ud.	Transgress (singular)
Delincamos N.	Let us transgress
Delincan Uds.	Transgress (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo delinca	That I may transgress
" tú delincas	That thou mayest, etc.
" él delinca	That he may, etc.
" N. delincamos	That we may, etc.
" V. delincáis	That you may, etc.
" E. delincan	That they may, etc.

IV.

Those ending in "gir" change g into "j" before a and o:

INFINITIVE.

Dirigir	To direct, to address

INDICATIVE. Present.

Dirijo	I direct, I address

IMPERATIVE.

Dirija Ud.	Direct, address (sing.)
Dirijamos N.	Let us direct, etc.
Dirijan Uds.	Direct, address (plural)

SUBJUNCTIVE. Present.

Que yo dirija	That I may direct
" tú dirijas	That thou mayest direct
" él dirija	That he may direct
" N. dirijamos	That we may direct
" V. dirijáis	That you may direct
" E. dirijan	That they may direct

Regular verbs having two past participles: see pages 137 to 140. For those with irregular past participles and other peculiarities: see page 162-163.

SECOND PART.

IRREGULAR VERBS.

The following rules are applied to any of the irregular verbs.

(1) The present of subjunctive is always begun with the third person singular of the imperative mode.

(2) The first form of the imperfect of subjunctive is formed with the stem of the third person singular of the perfect past, indicative mode, and the regular endings of the second conjugation of said imperfect.

(3) The stem of the second form of the imperfect of subjunctive is the same stem of the future tense, indicative mode.

(4) The stem of the third form of the imperfect of subjunctive is the same stem of the first form of the same tense.

(5) The second person plural of the Imperative Mode is always the present of the Infinitive Mode, ending in "d" instead of "r"; as, ir, to go; id, go.

See the verb ANDAR, to walk, on next page; it is marked with the same numbers these rules have.

Any verb resulting from the combination of an irregular verb and a preposition, etc., has to follow the same irregular form as the original verb, as: Contener, detener, retener, sostener follow the conjugation of tener, page 34.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*ANDAR	To walk. Present.
ANDANDO	Walking. Present part.
ANDADO	Walked. Past participle.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Ando	I walk or I am walking
Andas	Thou walkest
Anda	He walks
Andamos	We walk
Andáis	You walk
Andan	They walk

Past Imperfect.

Andaba	I used to walk or I was walking
Andabas	Thou used to walk, etc.
Andaba	He used to walk, etc.
Andábamos	We used to walk, etc.
Andabais	You used to walk, etc.
Andaban	They used to walk, etc.

Past Perfect.

Anduve	I walked or I did walk
Anduviste	Thou didst walk
Anduvo (2)	He walked, etc.
Anduvimos	We walked, etc.
Anduvisteis	You walked, etc.
Anduvieron	They walked, etc.

Future Imperfect.

Andaré (3)	I shall or will walk
Andarás	Thou shalt or wilt walk
Andará	He shall or will walk
Andaremos	We shall or will walk
Andaréis	You shall or will walk
Andarán	They shall or will walk

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Anda tú	Walk (thou), fam.
Ande Ud. (1)	Walk (you), form.
Andemos N.	Let us walk
Andad V. (5)	Walk (you), s. and p.
Anden Uds.	Walk (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo ande (1)	That I may walk
" tú andes	That thou mayest walk
" él ande	That he may walk
" N. andemos	That we may walk
" V. andéis	That you may walk
" E. anden	That they may walk

Imperfect. First Form.

Anduviera (2)	I would, could, should or might walk
Anduvieras	Thou wouldst, etc.
Anduviera	He would, etc.
Anduviéramos	We would, etc.
Anduvierais	You would, etc.
Anduvieran	They would, etc.

Second Form.

Andaría (3)	I would, could, should or might walk
Andarías	Thou wouldst, etc.
Andaría	He would, etc.
Andaríamos	We would, etc.
Andaríais	You would, etc.
Andarían	They would, etc.

Third Form.

Anduviese (4)	I would, could, should or might walk
Anduvieses	Thou wouldst, etc.
Anduviese	He would, etc.
Anduviésemos	We would, etc.
Anduvieseis	You would, etc.
Anduviesen	They would, etc.

Future.

Anduviere	I would, could, should or might walk
Anduvieres	Thou wouldst, etc
Anduviere	He would, etc.
Anduviéremos	We would, etc.
Anduviereis	You would, etc.
Anduvieren	They would, etc.

*See lesson 60 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*ESTAR (auxiliary), to be
ESTANDO, being
ESTADO, been

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Estoy, I am, etc.
Estás
Está
Estamos
Estáis
Están

Past Imperfect.

Estaba, I used to be, etc.
Estabas
Estaba
Estábamos
Estabais
Estaban

Past Perfect.

Estuve, I was, etc.
Estuviste
Estuvo
Estuvimos
Estuvisteis
Estuvieron

Future.

Estaré, I will, shall be, etc.
Estarás
Estará
Estaremos
Estaréis
Estarán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Está tú, be (thou) fam.
Esté Ud., be (you) sing.
Estemos N., let us be
Estad V., be (you) sing. and plu.
Estén Uds., be (you) plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo esté, that I am, etc.
" tú estés
" él esté
" N. estemos
" V. estéis
" E. estén

Imperfect. First Form.

Estuviera, I would, etc., be
Estuvieras
Estuviera
Estuviéramos
Estuvierais
Estuvieran

Second Form.

Estaría, I would, etc., be
Estarías
Estaría
Estaríamos
Estaríais
Estarían

Third Form.

Estuviese, I would, etc., be
Estuvieses
Estuviese
Estuviésemos
Estuvieseis
Estuviesen

Future.

Estuviere, I would, etc., be
Estuvieres
Estuviere
Estuviéremos
Estuviereis
Estuvieren

See lesson 61 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*TENER, to have, hold, possess
TENIENDO, having, etc.
TENIDO, had, etc.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Tengo, I have, etc.
Tienes
Tiene
Tenemos
Tenéis
Tienen

Past Imperfect.

Tenía, I used to have, etc.
Tenías
Tenía
Teníamos
Teníais
Tenían

Past Perfect.

Tuve, I had, etc.
Tuviste
Tuvo
Tuvimos
Tuvisteis
Tuvieron

Future.

Tendré, I will or shall have
Tendrás
Tendrá
Tendremos
Tendréis
Tendrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Ten tú, have (thou), fam.
Tenga Ud., have (you), sing.
Tengamos N., let us have
Tened V., have (you), sing. and plu.
Tengan Uds., have (you), plu.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo tenga, That I may have, etc.
" tú tengas
" él tenga
" N. tengamos
" V. tengáis
" E. tengan

Imperfect. First Form.

Tuviera, I would, etc., have
Tuvieras
Tuviera
Tuviéramos
Tuvierais
Tuvieran

Second Form.

Tendría, I would, etc., have
Tendrías
Tendría
Tendríamos
Tendríais
Tendrían

Third Form.

Tuviese, I would, etc., have
Tuvieses
Tuviese
Tuviésemos
Tuvieseis
Tuviesen

Future.

Tuviere, I would, etc., have
Tuvieres
Tuviere
Tuviéremos
Tuviereis
Tuvieren

*See lesson 62 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*HABER (auxiliary), to have
HABIENDO, having
†(HABIDO), had

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

He, I have, etc.
Has
Ha
Hemos or habemos
Habéis
Han

Past Imperfect.

Había, I had, etc.
Habías
Había
Habíamos
Habíais
Habían

Past Perfect.

Hube, I had, etc.
Hubiste
Hubo
Hubimos
Hubisteis
Hubieron

Future.

Habré, I shall or will have, etc.
Habrás
Habrá
Habremos
Habréis
Habrán

*The auxiliary verb "to have" has no imperative mode.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo haya, that I may have, etc.
" tú hayas
" él haya
" N. hayamos
" V. hayáis
" E. hayan

Imperfect. First Form.

Hubiera, I would, etc., have
Hubieras
Hubiera
Hubiéramos
Hubierais
Hubieran

Second Form.

Habría, I would, etc., have
Habrías
Habría
Habríamos
Habríais
Habrían

Third Form.

Hubiese, I would, etc., have
Hubieses
Hubiese
Hubiésemos
Hubieseis
Hubiesen

Future.

Hubiere, I would, etc., have
Hubieres
Hubiere
Hubiéremos
Hubiereis
Hubieren

†The past participle of this verb is not used as an auxiliary. See Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

The auxiliary verb used as an active verb is now obsolete.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*DAR, to give
DANDO, giving
DADO, given

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Doy, I give, etc.
Das
Da
Damos
Dais
Dan

Past Imperfect.

Daba, I used to give, etc.
Dabas
Daba
Dábamos
Dabais
Daban

Past Perfect.

Dí, I gave, I did, etc.
Diste
Dió
Dimos
Disteis
Dieron

Future.

Daré, I shall or will give, etc.
Darás
Dará
Daremos
Daréis
Darán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Da tú, give (thou), fam.
Dé Ud., give (you), sing.
Demos N., let us give
Dad V., give (you), sing. and plu.
Den Uds., give (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo dé, that I may give, etc
" tú des
" él dé
" N. demos
" V. deis
" E. den

Imperfect. First Form.

Diera, I would, etc., give
Dieras
Diera
Diéramos
Dierais
Dieran

Second Form.

Daría, I would, etc., give
Darías
Daría
Daríamos
Daríais
Darían

Third Form.

Diese, I would, etc., give
Dieses
Diese
Diésemos
Dieseis
Diesen

Future.

Diere, I would, etc., give
Dieres
Diere
Diéremos
Diereis
Dieren

*See lesson 63 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*CAER, to fall
CAYENDO, falling
CAÍDO, fallen

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Caigo, I fall, etc.
Caes
Cae
Caemos
Caéis
Caen

Past Imperfect.

Caía, I used to fall, etc.
Caías
Caía
Caíamos
Caíais
Caían

Past Perfect.

Caí, I fell, etc.
Caíste
Cayó
Caímos
Caísteis
Cayeron

Future.

Caeré, I will, shall fall, etc.
Caerás
Caerá
Caeremos
Caeréis
Caerán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Cae tú, fall (thou), fam.
Caiga Ud., fall (you), sing.
Caigamos N., let us fall
Caed V., fall (you), sing. and plu.
Caigan Uds., fall (you) plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo caiga, that I may fall, etc.
" tú caigas
" él caiga
" N. caigamos
" V. caigáis
" E. caigan

Imperfect. First Form.

Cayera, I would, etc., fall
Cayeras
Cayera
Cayéramos
Cayerais
Cayeran

Second Form.

Caería, I would, etc., fall
Caerías
Caería
Caeríamos
Caeríais
Caerían

Third Form.

Cayese, I would, etc., fall
Cayeses
Cayese
Cayésemos
Cayeseis
Cayesen

Future.

Cayere, I would, etc., fall
Cayeres
Cayere
Cayéremos
Cayereis
Cayeren

*See lesson 64 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*HACER, to do, to make
HACIENDO, doing, making
HECHO, done, made

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Hago, I do, I make, etc.
Haces
Hace
Hacemos
Hacéis
Hacen

Past Imperfect.

Hacía, I used to do, to make, etc.
Hacías
Hacía
Hacíamos
Hacíais
Hacían

Past Perfect.

Hice, I did, I made, etc.
Hiciste
Hizo
Hicimos
Hicisteis
Hicieron

Future.

Haré, I will or shall do, make
Harás
Hará
Haremos
Haréis
Harán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Haz tú, do, make (thou), fam.
Haga Ud., do, make (you), sing.
Hagamos N., let us do, make
Haced V., do, make (you), sing.-plu.
Hagan Uds., do, make (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo haga, that I may do, make, etc.
" tú hagas
" él haga
" N. hagamos
" V. hagáis
" E. hagan

Imperfect. First Form.

Hiciera, I would, etc., do, make
Hicieras
Hiciera
Hiciéramos
Hicierais
Hicieran

Second Form.

Haría, I would, etc., do, make
Harías
Haría
Haríamos
Haríais
Harían

Third Form.

Hiciese, I would, etc., do, make
Hicieses
Hiciese
Hiciésemos
Hicieseis
Hiciesen

Future.

Hiciere, I would, etc., do, make
Hicieres
Hiciere
Hiciéremos
Hiciereis
Hicieren

*The second person singular of the Imperative of Satisfacer, is Satisface tú.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*IR, to go
YENDO, going
IDO, gone

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Voy, I am going, I go, etc.
Vas
Va
Vamos
Vais
Van

Past Imperfect.

Iba, I was going, I used to go, etc.
Ibas
Iba
Ibamos
Ibais
Iban

Past Perfect.

Fuí, I went, I did go, etc.
Fuiste
Fué
Fuimos
Fuisteis
Fueron

Future.

Iré, I will, shall go, etc.
Irás
Irá
Iremos
Iréis
Irán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Vé tú, go (thou), fam.
Vaya Ud., go (you), sing.
Vamos N., let us go
Id V., go (you), sing. and plu.
Vayan Uds., go (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo vaya, that I may go, etc.
" tú vayas
" él vaya
" N. vayamos
" V. vayáis
" E. vayan

Imperfect. First Form.

Fuera, I would, etc., go
Fueras
Fuera
Fuéramos
Fuerais
Fueran

Second Form.

Iría, I would, etc., go
Irías
Iría
Iríamos
Iríais
Irían

Third Form.

Fuese, I would, etc., go
Fueses
Fuese
Fuésemos
Fueseis
Fuesen

Future.

Fuere, I would, etc., go
Fueres
Fuere
Fuéremos
Fuereis
Fueren

*See lesson 65 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*DECIR, to say, to tell
DICIENDO, saying, telling
DICHO, said, told

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Digo, I say, I tell, etc.
Dices
Dice
Decimos
Decís
Dicen

Past Imperfect.

Decía, I used to say, tell, etc.
Decías
Decía
Decíamos
Decíais
Decían

Past Perfect.

Dije, I said, I told, etc.
Dijiste
Dijo
Dijimos
Dijisteis
Dijeron

Future.

Diré, I will, shall say, tell, etc.
Dirás
Dirá
Diremos
Diréis
Dirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Dí tú, say, tell (thou), fam.
Diga Ud., say, tell (you), sing.
Digamos N., let us say, tell
Decid V., say, tell (you), sing. & plu.
Digan Uds., say, tell (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo diga, that I may say, tell, etc.
" tú digas
" él diga
" N. digamos
" V. digáis
" E. digan

Imperfect. First Form.

Dijera, I would, etc., say, tell
Dijeras
Dijera
Dijéramos
Dijerais
Dijeran

Second Form.

Diría, I would, etc., say, tell
Dirías
Diría
Diríamos
Diríais
Dirían

Third Form.

Dijese, I would, etc., say, tell
Dijeses
Dijese
Dijésemos
Dijeseis
Dijesen

Future.

Dijere, I would, etc., say, tell
Dijeres
Dijere
Dijéremos
Dijereis
Dijeren

*The past participles of Bendecir (to bless) and Maldecir (to curse) are bendecido and **maldecido.** See page 137 and 139.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*PODER, to be able
PUDIENDO, being able
PODIDO, been able

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Puedo, I can, I am able
Puedes
Puede
Podemos
Podéis
Pueden

Past Imperfect.

Podía, I could, was able, etc.
Podías
Podía
Podíamos
Podíais
Podían

Past Perfect.

Pude, I could, was able, etc.
Pudiste
Pudo
Pudimos
Pudisteis
Pudieron

Future.

Podré, I will or shall be able, etc.
Podrás
Podrá
Podremos
Podréis
Podrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Puede tú, be able (thou), fam.
Pueda Ud., be able (you), sing.
Podamos N., let us be able
Poded V., be able (you), sing. & plu.
Puedan Uds., be able (you) plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo pueda, that I can, am able, etc.
" tú puedas
" él pueda
" N. podamos
" V. podáis
" E. puedan

Imperfect. First Form.

Pudiera, I would, could be able, etc.
Pudieras
Pudiera
Pudiéramos
Pudierais
Pudieran

Second Form.

Podría, I would, could be able, etc.
Podrías
Podría
Podríamos
Podríais
Podrían

Third Form.

Pudiese, I would, could be able, etc.
Pudieses
Pudiese
Pudiésemos
Pudieseis
Pudiesen

Future.

Pudiere, I would, could be able, etc.
Pudieres
Pudiere
Pudiéremos
Pudiereis
Pudieren

*See lesson 66 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*QUERER, to want, to wish, to love
QUERIENDO, wanting, etc.
QUERIDO, wanted, etc.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Quiero, I want, etc.
Quieres
Quiere
Queremos
Queréis
Quieren

Past Imperfect.

Quería, I wanted, etc.
Querías
Quería
Queríamos
Queríais
Querían

Past Perfect.

Quise, I wanted, I did want, etc.
Quisiste
Quiso
Quisimos
Quisisteis
Quisieron

Future.

Querré, I will, shall want, etc.
Querrás
Querrá
Querremos
Querréis
Querrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Quiere tú, loveth (thou), fam.
Quiera Ud., love (you), sing.
Queramos N., let us love
Quered V., love (you), sing. & plu.
Quieran Uds., love (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo quiera, that I may want, etc.
" tú quieras
" él quiera
" N. queramos
" V. queráis
" E. quieran

Imperfect. First Form.

Quisiera, I would, etc., want
Quisieras
Quisiera
Quisiéramos
Quisierais
Quisieran

Second Form.

Querría, I would, etc., want
Querrías
Querría
Querríamos
Querríais
Querrían

Third Form.

Quisiese, I would, etc., want
Quisieses
Quisiese
Quisiésemos
Quisieseis
Quisiesen

Future.

Quisiere, I would, etc., want
Quisieres
Quisiere
Quisiéremos
Quisiereis
Quisieren

*See lesson 67 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*SABER, to know, to have information
SABIENDO, knowing
SABIDO, known

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Sé, I know, etc.
Sabes
Sabe
Sabemos
Sabéis
Saben

Past Imperfect.

Sabía, I used to know, etc.
Sabías
Sabía
Sabíamos
Sabíais
Sabían

Past Perfect.

Supe, I knew, etc.
Supiste
Supo
Supimos
Supisteis
Supieron

Future.

Sabré, I will, shall know, etc.
Sabrás
Sabrá
Sabremos
Sabréis
Sabrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Sabe tú, know (thou), fam.
Sepa Ud., know (you), sing.
Sepamos N., let us know
Sabed V., know (you), sing. & plu.
Sepan Uds., know (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo sepa, that I may know, etc.
" tú sepas
" él sepa
" N. sepamos
" V. sepáis
" E. sepan

Imperfect. First Form.

Supiera, I would, etc., know
Supieras
Supiera
Supiéramos
Supierais
Supieran

Second Form.

Sabría, I would, etc., know
Sabrías
Sabría
Sabríamos
Sabríais
Sabrían

Third Form.

Supiese, I would, etc., know
Supieses
Supiese
Supiésemos
Supieseis
Supiesen

Future.

Supiere, I would, etc., know
Supieres
Supiere
Supiéremos
Supiereis
Supieren

*See lesson 68 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*SER (auxiliary), to be
SIENDO, being
SIDO, been

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Soy, I am, etc.
Eres
Es
Somos
Sois
Son

Past Imperfect.

Era, I was, used to be, etc.
Eras
Era
Éramos
Erais
Eran

Past Perfect.

Fuí, I was, etc.
Fuiste
Fué
Fuimos
Fuisteis
Fueron

Future.

Seré, I will, shall be, etc.
Serás
Será
Seremos
Seréis
Serán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Sé tú, be (thou), fam.
Sea Ud., be (you), sing.
Seamos N., let us be
Sed V., be (you), sing. and plu.
Sean Uds., be (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo sea, that I may be, etc.
" tú seas
" él sea
" N. seamos
" V. seáis
" E. sean

Imperfect. First Form.

Fuera, I would, etc., be
Fueras
Fuera
Fuéramos
Fuerais
Fueran

Second Form.

Sería, I would, etc., be
Serías
Sería
Seríamos
Seríais
Serían

Third Form.

Fuese, I would, etc., be
Fueses
Fuese
Fuésemos
Fueseis
Fuesen

Future.

Fuere, I would, etc., be
Fueres
Fuere
Fuéremos
Fuereis
Fueren

*See lesson 69 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*OIR, to hear
OYENDO, hearing
OÍDO, heard

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Oigo, I hear, etc.
Oyes
Oye
Oímos
Oís
Oyen

Past Imperfect.

Oía, I used to hear, etc.
Oías
Oía
Oíamos
Oíais
Oían

Past Perfect.

Oí, I heard, etc.
Oíste
Oyó
Oímos
Oísteis
Oyeron

Future.

Oiré, I will or shall hear, etc.
Oirás
Oirá
Oiremos
Oiréis
Oirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Oye tú, hear (thou), fam.
Oiga Ud., hear (you), sing.
Oigamos N., let us hear
Oíd V., hear (you), sing. and plu.
Oigan Uds., hear (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo oiga, that I may hear, etc.
" tú oigas
" él oiga
" N. oigamos
" V. oigáis
" E. oigan

Imperfect. First Form.

Oyera, I would, etc., hear
Oyeras
Oyera
Oyéramos
Oyerais
Oyeran

Second Form.

Oiría, I would, etc., hear
Oirías
Oiría
Oiríamos
Oiríais
Oirían

Third Form.

Oyese, I would, etc., hear
Oyeses
Oyese
Oyésemos
Oyeseis
Oyesen

Future.

Oyere, I would, etc., hear
Oyeres
Oyere
Oyéremos
Oyereis
Oyeren

*See lesson 69 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

PONER, to put, lay, place, set
PONIENDO, putting, etc.
PUESTO, put, etc.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Pongo, I put, etc.
Pones
Pone
Ponemos
Ponéis
Ponen

Past Imperfect.

Ponía, I used to put, etc.
Ponías
Ponía
Poníamos
Poníais
Ponían

Past Perfect.

Puse, I put, did put, etc.
Pusiste
Puso
Pusimos
Pusisteis
Pusieron

Future.

Pondré, I will, shall put, etc.
Pondrás
Pondrá
Pondremos
Pondréis
Pondrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Pon tú, put (thou), fam
Ponga Ud., put (you), sing.
Pongamos N., let us put
Poned V., put (you), sing. and plu.
Pongan Uds., put (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo ponga, that I may put, etc.
" tú pongas
" él ponga
" N. pongamos
" V. pongáis
" E. pongan

Imperfect. First Form.

Pusiera, I would, etc., put
Pusieras
Pusiera
Pusiéramos
Pusierais
Pusieran

Second Form.

Pondría, I would, etc., put
Pondrías
Pondría
Pondríamos
Pondríais
Pondrían

Third Form.

Pusiese, I would, etc., put
Pusieses
Pusiese
Pusiésemos
Pusieseis
Pusiesen

Future.

Pusiere, I would, etc., put
Pusieres
Pusiere
Pusiéremos
Pusiereis
Pusieren

*See lesson 69 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*TRAER, to bring
TRAYENDO, bringing
TRAÍDO, brought

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Traigo, I bring, etc.
Traes
Trae
Traemos
Traéis
Traen

Past Imperfect.

Traía, I used to bring, etc.
Traías
Traía
Traíamos
Traíais
Traían

Past Perfect.

Traje, I brought, etc.
Trajiste
Trajo
Trajimos
Trajisteis
Trajeron

Future.

Traeré, I will or shall bring, etc.
Traerás
Traerá
Traeremos
Traeréis
Traerán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Trae tú, bring (thou), fam.
Traiga Ud., bring (you), sing.
Traigamos N., let us bring
Traed V., bring (you), sing. & plu.
Traigan Uds., bring (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo traiga, that I may bring, etc.
" tú traigas
" él traiga
" N. traigamos
" V. traigáis
" E. traigan

Imperfect. First Form.

Trajera, I would, etc., bring
Trajeras
Trajera
Trajéramos
Trajerais
Trajeran

Second Form.

Traería, I would, etc., bring
Traerías
Traería
Traeríamos
Traeríais
Traerían

Third Form.

Trajese, I would, etc., bring
Trajeses
Trajese
Trajésemos
Trajeseis
Trajesen

Future.

Trajere, I would, etc., bring
Trajeres
Trajere
Trajéremos
Trajereis
Trajeren

*See lesson 70 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*VENIR, to come
VINIENDO, coming
VENIDO, come

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Vengo, I come, I am coming, etc.
Vienes
Viene
Venimos
Venís
Vienen

Past Imperfect.

Venía, I used to come, etc.
Venías
Venía
Veníamos
Veníais
Venían

Past Perfect.

Vine, I came, etc.
Viniste
Vino
Vinimos
Vinisteis
Vinieron

Future.

Vendré, I will, shall come, etc.
Vendrás
Vendrá
Vendremos
Vendréis
Vendrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Ven tú, come (thou), fam.
Venga Ud., come (you), sing.
Vengamos N., let us come
Venid V., come (you), sing. & plu.
Vengan Uds., come (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo venga, that I may come, etc.
" tú vengas
" él venga
" N. vengamos
" V. vengáis
" E. vengan

Imperfect. First Form.

Viniera, I would, etc., come
Vinieras
Viniera
Viniéramos
Vinierais
Vinieran

Second Form.

Vendría, I would, etc., come
Vendrías
Vendría
Vendríamos
Vendríais
Vendrían

Third Form.

Viniese, I would, etc., come
Vinieses
Viniese
Viniésemos
Vinieseis
Viniesen

Future.

Viniere, I would, etc., come
Vinieres
Viniere
Viniéremos
Viniereis
Vinieren

*See lesson 70 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*VER, to see, to look
VIENDO, seeing, etc .
VISTO, seen, etc.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Veo, I see, etc.
Ves
Ve
Vemos
Veis
Ven

Past Imperfect.

Veía, I used to see, etc.
Veías
Veía
Veíamos
Veíais
Veían

Past Perfect.

Ví, I saw, etc.
Viste
Vió
Vimos
Visteis
Vieron

Future.

Veré, I will, shall see, etc.
Verás
Verá
Veremos
Veréis
Verán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Ve tú, see (thou), fam.
Vea Ud., see (you), sing.
Veamos N., let us see
Ved V., see (you), sing. & plu.
Vean Uds., see (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo vea, that I may see, etc.
" tú veas
" él vea
" N. veamos
" V. veáis
" E. vean

Imperfect. First Form.

Viera, I would, etc., see
Vieras
Viera
Viéramos
Vierais
Vieran

Second Form.

Vería, I would, etc., see
Verías
Vería
Veríamos
Veríais
Verían

Third Form.

Viese, I would, etc., see
Vieses
Viese
Viésemos
Vieseis
Viesen

Future.

Viere, I would, etc., see
Vieres
Viere
Viéremos
Viereis
Vieren

*See lesson 70 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*CABER, to hold, contain
CABIENDO, holding, containing
CABIDO, held, contained

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Quepo, I hold, contain, etc.
Cabes
Cabe
Cabemos
Cabéis
Caben

Past Imperfect.

Cabía, I used to hold, contain, etc.
Cabías
Cabía
Cabíamos
Cabíais
Cabían

Past Perfect.

Cupe, I contained, held, etc.
Cupiste
Cupo
Cupimos
Cupisteis
Cupieron

Future.

Cabré, I will, shall contain, etc.
Cabrás
Cabrá
Cabremos
Cabréis
Cabrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Cabe tú, contain (thou), fam.
Quepa Ud., contain (you), sing.
Quepamos N., let us contain
Cabed V., contain (you), sing. & plu.
Quepan Uds., contain (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo quepa, that I may hold, etc.
" tú quepas
" él quepa
" N. quepamos
" V. quepáis
" E. quepan

Imperfect. First Form.

Cupiera, I would, etc., contain, hold
Cupieras
Cupiera
Cupiéramos
Cupierais
Cupieran

Second Form.

Cabría, I would, etc., contain, hold
Cabrías
Cabría
Cabríamos
Cabríais
Cabrían

Third Form.

Cupiese, I would, etc., contain
Cupieses
Cupiese
Cupiésemos
Cupieseis
Cupiesen

Future.

Cupiere, I would, etc., contain
Cupieres
Cupiere
Cupiéremos
Cupiereis
Cupieren

*See lesson 70 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*ASIR, to seize, to hold
ASIENDO, seizing
ASIDO, seized

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Asgo, I seize, etc.
Ases
Ase
Asimos
Asís
Asen

Past Imperfect.

Asía, I used to seize, etc.
Asías
Asía
Asíamos
Asíais
Asían

Past Perfect.

Así, I seized, I caught
Asiste
Asió
Asimos
Asisteis
Asieron

Future.

Asiré, I will, shall seize, etc.
Asirás
Asirá
Asiremos
Asiréis
Asirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Ase tú, seize (thou), fam.
Asga Ud., seize (you), sing.
Asgamos N., let us seize
Asid V., seize (you), sing. & plu.
Asgan Uds., seize (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo asga, that I may seize, etc.
" tú asgas
" él asga
" N. asgamos
" V. asgáis
" E. asgan

Imperfect. First Form.

Asiera, I would, etc., seize
Asieras
Asiera
Asiéramos
Asierais
Asieran

Second Form.

Asiría, I would, etc., seize
Asirías
Asiría
Asiríamos
Asiríais
Asirían

Third Form.

Asiese, I would, etc., seize
Asieses
Asiese
Asiésemos
Asieseis
Asiesen

Future.

Asiere, I would, etc., seize
Asieres
Asiere
Asiéremos
Asiereis
Asieren

*See lesson 71 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*ERGUIR, to stand erect
IRGUIENDO, standing erect
ERGUIDO, stood erect

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Irgo ó yergo, I stand erect, etc.
Irgues ó yergues
Irgue ó yergue
Erguimos
Erguís
Irguen ó yerguen

Past Imperfect.

Erguía, I used to stand erect, etc.
Erguías
Erguía
Erguíamos
Erguíais
Erguían

Past Perfect.

Erguí, I stood erect, etc.
Erguiste
Irguió
Erguimos
Erguisteis
Irguieron

Future.

Erguiré, I will, shall stand erect
Erguirás
Erguirá
Erguiremos
Erguiréis
Erguirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Irgue ó yergue tú, stand erect (thou), fam.
Irga ó yerga Ud., stand erect (you), sing.
Irgamos ó yergamos N., let us stand erect
Erguid V., stand erect (you), sing. & plu.
Irgan ó yergan Uds., stand erect (you), plu.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo irga ó yerga, that I may stand erect
" tú irgas ó yergas
" él irga ó yerga
" N irgamos ó yergamos
" V. irgáis ó yergáis
" E. irgan ó yergan

Imperfect. First Form.

Irguiera, I would, etc., stand erect
Irguieras
Irguiera
Irguiéramos
Irguierais
Irguieran

Second Form.

Erguiría, I would, etc., stand erect
Erguirías
Erguiría
Erguiríamos
Erguiríais
Erguirían

Third Form.

Irguiese, I would, etc., stand erect
Irguieses
Irguiese
Irguiésemos
Irguieseis
Irguiesen

Future.

Irguiere, I would, etc., stand erect
Irguieres
Irguiere
Irguiéremos
Irguiereis
Irguieren

*See lesson 71 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*PLACER, to please
PLACIENDO, pleasing
PLACIDO, pleased

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Plazco, I please
Places
Place
Placemos
Placéis
Placen

Past Imperfect.

Placía, I used to please
Placías
Placía
Placíamos
Placíais
Placían

Past Perfect.

Plací, I pleased, I did
Placiste
Plació or plugo
Placimos
Placisteis
Placieron or pluguieron

Future.

Placeré, I will, shall please
Placerás
Placerá
Placeremos
Placeréis
Placerán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Place, tú, please (thou), fam.
Plazca Ud., please (you), sing.
Plazcamos N., let us please
Placed V., please (you), sing. & plu.
Plazcan Uds., please (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo plazca, that I may please
" tú plazcas
" él plazca or plegue
" N. plazcamos
" V. plazcáis
" E. plazcan

Imperfect. First Form.

Placiera, I would, etc., please
Placieras
Placiera or pluguiera
Placiéramos
Placierais
Placieran

Second Form.

Placería, I would, etc., please
Placerías
Placería
Placeríamos
Placeríais
Placerían

Third Form.

Placiese, I would, etc., please
Placieses
Placiese or pluguiese
Placiésemos
Placieseis
Placiesen

Future.

Placiere, I would, etc., please
Placieres
Placiere or pluguiere
Placiéremos
Placiereis
Placieren

*See lesson 71 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

INFINITIVE MODE.

PODRIR ó PUDRIR, to rot, to putrify, to decay
PUDRIENDO, rotting, etc.
PODRIDO, rotten, etc.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Pudro, I rot, etc.
Pudres
Pudre
Pudrimos
Pudrís
Pudren

Past Imperfect.

Pudría, I used to rot, etc.
Pudrías
Pudría
Pudríamos
Pudríais
Pudrían

Past Perfect.

Pudrí, I rotted, etc.
Pudriste
Pudrió
Pudrimos
Pudristeis
Pudrieron

Future.

Pudriré, I will or shall rot, etc.
Pudrirás
Pudrirá
Pudriremos
Pudriréis
Pudrirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Pudre tú, rot (thou), fam.
Pudra Ud., rot (you), sing.
Pudramos N., let us rot
Pudrid V., rot (you), sing. & plu.
Pudran Uds., rot (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo pudra, that I may rot, etc.
" tú pudras
" él pudra
" N. pudramos
" V. pudráis
" E. pudran

Imperfect. First Form.

Pudriera, I would, etc., rot
Pudrieras
Pudriera
Pudriéramos
Pudrierais
Pudrieran

Second Form.

Pudriría, I would, etc., rot
Pudrirías
Pudriría
Pudriríamos
Pudriríais
Pudrirían

Third Form.

Pudriese, I would, etc., rot
Pudrieses
Pudriese
Pudriésemos
Pudrieseis
Pudriesen

Future.

Pudriere, I would, etc., rot
Pudrieres
Pudriere
Pudriéremos
Pudriereis
Pudrieren

INFINITIVE MODE.

*YACER, to lie dead
YACIENDO, lying dead
YACIDO, lain dead

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Yazco, yazgo ó yago, I lie dead
Yaces
Yace
Yacemos
Yacéis
Yacen

Past Imperfect.

Yacía, I used to lie dead
Yacías
Yacía
Yacíamos
Yacíais
Yacían

Past Perfect.

Yací, I lay
Yaciste
Yació
Yacimos
Yacisteis
Yacieron

Future.

Yaceré, I will, shall lie dead
Yacerás
Yacerá
Yaceremos
Yaceréis
Yacerán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Yace or yaz tú, lie dead (thou), fam.
Yazca, yazga or yaga Ud., lie dead (you), singular
Yazcamos, yazgamos or yagamos N., let us lie dead
Yaced V., lie dead (you), sing. and plural
Yazcan, yazgan or yagan Uds., lie dead (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo yazca, yazga ó yaga, that I may lie dead
" tú yazcas, yazgas or yagas
" él yazca, yazga or yaga
" N. yazcamos, yazgamos or yagamos
" V. yazcáis, yazgáis or yagáis
" E. yazcan, yazgan or yagan

Imperfect. First Form.

Yaciera, I would, etc., lie dead
Yacieras
Yaciera
Yaciéramos
Yacierais
Yacieran

Second Form.

Yacería, I would, etc., lie dead
Yacerías
Yacería
Yaceríamos
Yaceríais
Yacerían

Third Form.

Yaciese, I would, etc., lie dead
Yacieses
Yaciese
Yaciésemos
Yacieseis
Yaciesen

Future.

Yaciere, I would, etc., lie dead
Yacieres
Yaciere
Yaciéremos
Yaciereis
Yacieren

*See lesson 72 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

Personal Notes.

THIRD PART.

*FIRST MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs of the first and second conjugation having "e" in the syllable next to the last, take "i" before the "e" in the present of Indicative, Imperative and present of Subjunctive, except in the first and second persons of plural. There are some exceptions to this rule. See pages 141 to 162.

INFINITIVE MODE.

ACERTAR, to guess, ascertain
ACERTANDO, ascertaining
ACERTADO, ascertained

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Acierto, I hit the mark, guess, etc.
Aciertas
Acierta
Acertamos
Acertáis
Aciertan

Past Imperfect.

Acertaba, I used to guess, etc.
Acertabas
Acertaba
Acertábamos
Acertabais
Acertaban

Past Perfect.

Acerté, I ascertained, etc.
Acertaste
Acertó
Acertamos
Acertasteis
Acertaron

Future.

Acertaré, I will, shall ascertain, etc.
Acertarás
Acertará
Acertaremos
Acertaréis
Acertarán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Acierta tú, ascertain (thou), fam.
Acierte Ud., ascertain (you), sing.
Acertemos N., let us ascertain
Acertad V., ascertain (you), sing. & plu.
Acierten Uds., ascertain (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo acierte, that I may ascertain, etc.
" tú aciertes
" él acierte
" N. acertemos
" V. acertéis
" E. acierten

Imperfect. First Form.

Acertara, I would, etc., ascertain
Acertaras
Acertara
Acertáramos
Acertarais
Acertaran

Second Form.

Acertaría, I would, etc., ascertain
Acertarías
Acertaría
Acertaríamos
Acertaríais
Acertarían

Third Form.

Acertase, I would, etc., ascertain
Acertases
Acertase
Acertásemos
Acertaseis
Acertasen

Future.

Acertare, I would, etc., ascertain
Acertares
Acertare
Acertáremos
Acertareis
Acertaren

*See lesson 72 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*SECOND MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs of the first and second conjugations having "o" in the syllable next to the last, change "o" to "ue" when the accent is on the stem. There are some exceptions. See pages 141 to 162.

INFINITIVE MODE.

CONTAR, to count, to relate
CONTANDO, counting, etc.
CONTADO, counted, etc.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Cuento, I count, etc.
Cuentas
Cuenta
Contamos
Contáis
Cuentan

Past Imperfect.

Contaba, I used to count, etc.
Contabas
Contaba
Contábamos
Contabais
Contaban

Past Perfect.

Conté, I counted, etc.
Contaste
Contó
Contamos
Contasteis
Contaron

Future.

Contaré, I will, shall count
Contarás
Contará
Contaremos
Contaréis
Contarán

*The past participles of Absolver, disolver, resolver and volver are: absuelto, disuelto, resuelto, vuelto.

The verbs desosar, desovar and oler take **h** before the diphthong **ue**.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Cuenta tú, count (thou), fam.
Cuente Ud., count (you), sing.
Contemos N., let us count
Contad V., count (you), sing. & plu.
Cuenten Uds., count (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo cuente, that I may count, etc.
" tú cuentes
" él cuente
" N. contemos
" V. contéis
" E. cuenten

Imperfect. First Form.

Contara, I would, etc., count
Contaras
Contara
Contáramos
Contarais
Contaran

Second Form.

Contaría, I would, etc., count
Contarías
Contaría
Contaríamos
Contaríais
Contarían

Third Form.

Contase, I would, etc., count
Contases
Contase
Contásemos
Contaseis
Contasen

Future.

Contare, I would, etc., count
Contares
Contare
Contáremos
Contareis
Contaren

*See lesson 72 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*THIRD MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in **acer, ecer, ocer** and **ucir**, except **mecer** (to rock) and **remecer** (to rock again) which are regular; **hacer** (to make, to do) which has especial irregularities; **cocer** (to cook) which follows the Second Model Conjugation, and the verbs ending in **ducir** which follow the Third Model, take a **z** before **ca** and **co** in the present of indicative, imperative and present of subjunctive as "nacer." Placer (to please) and yacer (to lie dead), have some other irregularities not in common use.

INFINITIVE MODE.

NACER, to be born
NACIENDO, being born
NACIDO, been born

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Nazco, I am born, etc.
Naces
Nace
Nacemos
Nacéis
Nacen

Past Imperfect.

Nacía, I was born, etc.
Nacías
Nacía
Nacíamos
Nacíais
Nacían

Past Perfect.

Nací, I was born, etc.
Naciste
Nació
Nacimos
Nacisteis
Nacieron

Future.

Naceré, I will, shall be born, etc.
Nacerás
Nacerá
Naceremos
Naceréis
Nacerán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Nace tú, be born (thou), fam.
Nazca Ud., be born (you), sing.
Nazcamos N., let us be born
Naced V., be born (you), sing & plu.
Nazcan Uds., be born (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo nazca, that I may be born, etc.
" tú nazcas
" él nazca
" N. nazcamos
" V. nazcáis
" E. nazcan

Imperfect. First Form.

Naciera, I would, etc., be born
Nacieras
Naciera
Naciéramos
Nacierais
Nacieran

Second Form.

Nacería, I would, etc., be born
Nacerías
Nacería
Naceríamos
Naceríais
Nacerían

Third Form.

Naciese, I would, etc., be born
Nacieses
Naciese
Naciésemos
Nacieseis
Naciesen

Future.

Naciere, I would, etc., be born
Nacieres
Naciere
Naciéremos
Naciereis
Nacieren

*See lesson 73 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*FOURTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in "ducir" are conjugated as those ending in **acer, ecer, ocer** and **ucir**; but take, besides a **j** instead of **c** in the Past Perfect, and consequently, in the First and Third Forms of the Imperfect of Subjunctive, same as in the Future of this Mode.

INFINITIVE MODE.

TRADUCIR, to translate
TRADUCIENDO, translating
TRADUCIDO, translated

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Traduzco, I translate, etc.
Traduces
Traduce
Traducimos
Traducís
Traducen

Past Imperfect.

Traducía, I used to translate, etc.
Traducías
Traducía
Traducíamos
Traducíais
Traducían

Past Perfect.

Traduje, I translated, etc.
Tradujiste
Tradujo
Tradujimos
Tradujisteis
Tradujeron

Future.

Traduciré, I will or shall translate
Traducirás
Traducirá
Traduciremos
Traduciréis
Traducirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Traduce tú, translate (thou), fam.
Traduzca Ud., translate (you), sing.
Traduzcamos N., let us translate
Traducid V., translate (you), sing. & plu.
Traduzcan Uds., translate (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo traduzca, that I may translate
" tú traduzcas
" él traduzca
" N. traduzcamos
" V. traduzcáis
" E. traduzcan

Imperfect. First Form.

Tradujera, I would, etc., translate
Tradujeras
Tradujera
Tradujéramos
Tradujerais
Tradujeran

Second Form.

Traduciría, I would, etc., translate
Traducirías
Traduciría
Traduciríamos
Traduciríais
Traducirían

Third Form.

Tradujese
Tradujeses
Tradujese
Tradujésemos
Tradujeseis
Tradujesen

Future.

Tradujere, I would, etc., translate
Tradujeres
Tradujere
Tradujéremos
Tradujereis
Tradujeren

*See lesson 73 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*FIFTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs of the second and third conjugations ending in **añer, añir, iñir** and **uñir**, and in **eller** and **ullir**, drop the **i** of the regular endings before the diphthongs **ie** and **io**, for the sake of euphony.

INFINITIVE MODE.

†TAÑER, to play
TAÑENDO, playing
TAÑIDO, played

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Taño, I play
Tañes
Tañe
Tañemos
Tañéis
Tañen

Past Imperfect.

Tañía, I used to play
Tañías
Tañía
Tañíamos
Tañíais
Tañían

Past Perfect.

Tañí, I played
Tañiste
Tañó
Tañimos
Tañisteis
Tañeron

Future.

Tañeré, I will, shall play
Tañerás
Tañerá
Tañeremos
Tañeréis
Tañerán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Tañe tú, play (thou), fam.
Taña Ud., play you), sing.
Tañamos N., let us play
Tañed V., play (you), sing. and plu
Tañan Uds., play (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo taña, that I may play
" tú tañas
" él taña
" N. tañamos
" V. tañáis
" E. tañan

Imperfect. First Form.

Tañera, I would, etc., play
Tañeras
Tañera
Tañéramos
Tañerais
Tañeran

Second Form.

Tañería, I would, etc., play
Tañerías
Tañería
Tañeríamos
Tañeríais
Tañerían

Third Form.

Tañese, I would, etc., play
Tañeses
Tañese
Tañésemos
Tañeseis
Tañesen

Future.

Tañere, I would, etc., play
Tañeres
Tañere
Tañéremos
Tañereis
Tañeren

*See lesson 74 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

†It is said: Tañer la lira (to play the lyre).

*SIXTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in **ebir, edir, egir, eguir, emir, enchir, endir, estir** and **etir**, same as **servir**, change the **e** of the penultimate syllable into **i**, in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE MODE.

SERVIR, to serve
SIRVIENDO, serving
SERVIDO, served

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Sirvo, I serve
Sirves
Sirve
Servimos
Servís
Sirven

Past Imperfect.

Servía, I used to serve
Servías
Servía
Servíamos
Servíais
Servían

Past Perfect.

Serví, I served
Serviste
Sirvió
Servimos
Servisteis
Sirvieron

Future.

Serviré, I will, shall serve
Servirás
Servirá
Serviremos
Serviréis
Servirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Sirve tú, serve (thou), fam.
Sirva Ud., serve (you), sing.
Sirvamos N., let us serve
Servid V., serve (you), sing. & plu.
Sirvan Uds., serve (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo sirva, that I may serve
" tú sirvas
" él sirva
" N. sirvamos
" V. sirváis
" E. sirvan

Imperfect. First Form.

Sirviera, I would, etc., serve
Sirvieras
Sirviera
Sirviéramos
Sirvierais
Sirvieran

Second Form.

Serviría, I would, etc., serve
Servirías
Serviría
Serviríamos
Serviríais
Servirían

Third Form.

Sirviese, I would, etc., serve
Sirvieses
Sirviese
Sirviésemos
Sirvieseis
Sirviesen

Future.

Sirviere, I would, etc., serve
Sirvieres
Sirviere
Sirviéremos
Sirviereis
Sirvieren

*See lesson 74 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*SEVENTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in **eir** and **eñir** change the **e** of the stem into **i** and do not take the **i** of the regular endings in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE MODE.

REIR, to laugh
RIENDO, laughing
REÍDO, laughed

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Río, I laugh
Ríes
Ríe
Reímos
Reís
Ríen

Past Imperfect.

Reía, I used to laugh
Reías
Reía
Reíamos
Reíais
Reían

Past Perfect.

Reí, I laughed
Reíste
Rió
Reímos
Reísteis
Rieron

Future.

Reiré, I will or shall laugh
Reirás
Reirá
Reiremos
Reiréis
Reirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Ríe tú, laugh (thou), fam.
Ría Ud, laugh (you), sing.
Riamos N., let us laugh
Reíd V., laugh (you), sing. & plu.
Rían Uds, laugh (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo ría, that I may laugh
" tú rías
" él ría
" N. riamos
" V. riáis
" E. rían

Imperfect. First Form.

Riera, I would, etc., laugh
Rieras
Riera
Riéramos
Rierais
Rieran

Second Form.

Reiría, I would, etc., laugh
Reirías
Reiría
Reiríamos
Reiríais
Reirían

Third Form.

Riese, I would, etc., laugh
Rieses
Riese
Riésemos
Rieseis
Riesen

Future.

Riere, I would, etc., laugh
Rieres
Riere
Riéremos
Riereis
Rieren

*See lesson 75 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*EIGHTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in **entir, erir** and **ertir,** same as **hervir** (to boil) and **rehervir** (to boil again), change **e** to **i** or take **i** before the **e** of the stem in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE MODE.

SENTIR, to feel, be sorry, regret
SINTIENDO, feeling
SENTIDO, felt

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Siento, I feel
Sientes
Siente
Sentimos
Sentís
Sienten

Past Imperfect.

Sentía, I used to feel
Sentías
Sentía
Sentíamos
Sentíais
Sentían

Past Perfect.

Sentí, I felt
Sentiste
Sintió
Sentimos
Sentisteis
Sintieron

Future.

Sentiré, I will, shall feel
Sentirás
Sentirá
Sentiremos
Sentiréis
Sentirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Siente tú, feel (thou), fam.
Sienta Ud., feel (you), sing.
Sintamos N., let us feel
Sentid V., feel (you), sing. & plu.
Sientan Uds., feel (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo sienta, that I may feel
" tú sientas
" él sienta
" N. sintamos
" V. sintáis
" E. sientan

Imperfect. First Form.

Sintiera, I would, etc., feel
Sintieras
Sintiera
Sintiéramos
Sintierais
Sintieran

Second Form.

Sentiría, I would, etc., feel
Sentirías
Sentiría
Sentiríamos
Sentiríais
Sentirían

Third Form.

Sintiese, I would, etc., feel
Sintieses
Sintiese
Sintiésemos
Sintieseis
Sintiesen

Future.

Sintiere, I would, etc., feel
Sintieres
Sintiere
Sintiéremos
Sintiereis
Sintieren

*See lesson 75 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*NINTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in **irir** take an **e** after the first **i**; same as **jugar** takes it after the **u** in the following persons and tenses:

INFINITIVE MODE.

ADQUIRIR, to acquire
ADQUIRIENDO, acquiring
ADQUIRIDO, acquired

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Adquiero, I acquire
Adquieres
Adquiere
Adquirimos
Adquirís
Adquieren

Past Imperfect.

Adquiría, I used to acquire
Adquirías
Adquiría
Adquiríamos
Adquiríais
Adquirían

Past Perfect.

Adquirí, I acquired
Adquiriste
Adquirió
Adquirimos
Adquiristeis
Adquirieron

Future.

Adquiriré, I will acquire
Adquirirás
Adquirirá
Adquiriremos
Adquiriréis
Adquirirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Adquiere tú, acquire (thou), fam.
Adquiera Ud., acquire (you), sing.
Adquiramos N., let us acquire
Adquirid V., acquire (you), S. & P.
Adquieran Uds., acquire (you), plu.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo adquiera, that I may acquire
" tú adquieras
" él adquiera
" N. adquiramos
" V. adquiráis
" E. adquieran

Imperfect. First Form.

Adquiriera, I would, etc., acquire
Adquirieras
Adquiriera
Adquiriéramos
Adquirierais
Adquirieran

Second Form.

Adquiriría, I would, etc., acquire
Adquirirías
Adquiriría
Adquiriríamos
Adquiriríais
Adquirirían

Third Form.

Adquiriese, I would, etc., acquire
Adquirieses
Adquiriese
Adquiriésemos
Adquirieseis
Adquiriesen

Future.

Adquiriere, I would, etc., acquire
Adquirieres
Adquiriere
Adquiriéremos
Adquiriereis
Adquirieren

Ninth Conjugation---Continued.

INFINITIVE MODE.

JUGAR, to play, to gamble
JUGANDO, playing, gambling
JUGADO, played, gambled

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Juego, I play
Juegas
Juega
Jugamos
Jugáis
Juegan

Past Imperfect.

Jugaba, I used to play
Jugabas
Jugaba
Jugábamos
Jugabais
Jugaban

Past Perfect.

†Jugué, I played
Jugaste
Jugó
Jugamos
Jugasteis
Jugaron

Future.

Jugaré, I will play
Jugarás
Jugará
Jugaremos
Jugaréis
Jugarán

†See page 18, verbs ending in "gar."

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Juega tú, play (thou), fam.
Juegue Ud., play (you), sing.
Juguemos N., let us play
Jugad V., play (you), sing. & plu.
Jueguen Uds., play (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo juegue, that I may play
" tú juegues
" él juegue
" N. juguemos
" V. juguéis
" E. jueguen

Imperfect. First Form.

Jugara, I would, etc., play
Jugaras
Jugara
Jugáramos
Jugarais
Jugaran

Second Form.

Jugaría, I would, etc., play
Jugarías
Jugaría
Jugaríamos
Jugaríais
Jugarían

Third Form.

Jugase, I would, etc., play
Jugases
Jugase
Jugásemos
Jugaseis
Jugasen

Future.

Jugare, I would, etc., play
Jugares
Jugare
Jugáremos
Jugareis
Jugaren

*See lesson 75 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

*TENTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Dormir and **morir** (to sleep and to die) change the **o** of the stem into **u** or into **ue**, in different persons and tenses. The past participle of **morir** is irregular, besides.

INFINITIVE MODE.

DORMIR, to sleep
DURMIENDO, sleeping
DORMIDO, slept

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Duermo, I sleep
Duermes
Duerme
Dormimos
Dormís
Duermen

Past Imperfect.

Dormía, I used to sleep
Dormías
Dormía
Dormíamos
Dormíais
Dormían

Past Perfect.

Dormí, I slept
Dormiste
Durmió
Dormimos
Dormisteis
Durmieron

Future.

Dormiré, I will, shall sleep
Dormirás
Dormirá
Dormiremos
Dormiréis
Dormirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Duerme tú, sleep (thou), fam.
Duerma Ud., sleep (you), sing.
Durmamos N., let us sleep
Dormid V., sleep (you), sing. & plu.
Duerman Uds., sleep (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo duerma, that I may sleep
" tú duermas
" él duerma
" N. durmamos
" V. durmáis
" E. duerman

Imperfect. First Form.

Durmiera, I would, etc., sleep
Durmieras
Durmiera
Durmiéramos
Durmierais
Durmieran

Second Form.

Dormiría, I would, etc., sleep
Dormirías
Dormiría
Dormiríamos
Dormiríais
Dormirían

Third Form.

Durmiese, I would, etc., sleep
Durmieses
Durmiese
Durmiésemos
Durmieseis
Durmiesen

Future.

Durmiere, I would, etc., sleep
Durmieres
Durmiere
Durmiéremos
Durmiereis
Durmieren

*See lesson 75 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

Tenth Conjugation---Continued.

INFINITIVE MODE.

MORIR, to die
MURIENDO, dying
MUERTO, died

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Muero, I die
Mueres
Muere
Morimos
Morís
Mueren

Past Imperfect.

†Moría, I used to die
Morías
Moría
Moríamos
Moríais
Morían

Past Perfect.

Morí, I died
Moriste
Murió
Morimos
Moristeis
Murieron

Future.

Moriré, I will, shall die
Morirás
Morirá
Moriremos
Moriréis
Morirán

†Me moría de miedo (I was frightened to death).

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Muere tú, die (thou), fam.
Muera Ud., die (you), sing.
Muramos N., let us die
Morid V., die (you), sing. & plu.
Mueran Uds., die (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo muera, that I may die
" tú mueras
" él muera
" N. muramos
" V. muráis
" E. mueran

Imperfect. First Form.

Muriera, I would, etc., die
Murieras
Muriera
Muriéramos
Murierais
Murieran

Second Form.

Moriría, I would, etc., die
Morirías
Moriría
Moriríamos
Moriríais
Morirían

Third Form.

Muriese, I would, etc., die
Murieses
Muriese
Muriésemos
Murieseis
Muriesen

Future.

Muriere, I would, etc., die
Murieres
Muriere
Muriéremos
Muriereis
Murieren

*ELEVENTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Valer and **Salir** (to be worth, and to go out) have the same irregularities, except in the **Imperative Mode**, in which **salir** does not take the e of the regular ending.

INFINITIVE MODE.

VALER, to be worth
VALIENDO, being worth
VALIDO, been worth

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Valgo, I am worth
Vales
Vale
Valemos
Valéis
Valen

Past Imperfect.

Valía, I was worth, I used to be
Valías [worth
Valía
Valíamos
Valíais
Valían

Past Perfect.

Valí, I was worth
Valiste
Valió
Valimos
Valisteis
Valieron

Future.

Valdré, I will, shall be worth
Valdrás
Valdrá
Valdremos
Valdréis
Valdrán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Vale tú, be worth (thou), fam.
Valga Ud., be worth (you), sing.
Valgamos N., let us be worth
Valed V., be worth (you), S. & P.
Valgan Uds., be worth (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo valga, that I may be worth
" tú valgas
" él valga
" N. valgamos
" V. valgáis
" E. valgan

Imperfect. First Form.

Valiera, I would, etc., be worth
Valieras
Valiera
Valiéramos
Valierais
Valieran

Second Form.

Valdría, I would, etc., be worth
Valdrías
Valdría
Valdríamos
Valdríais
Valdrían

Third Form.

Valiese, I would, etc., be worth
Valieses
Valiese
Valiésemos
Valieseis
Valiesen

Future.

Valiere, I would, etc., be worth
Valieres
Valiere
Valiéremos
Valiereis
Valieren

*See lesson 76 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

Eleventh Conjugation---Continued.

INFINITIVE MODE.

SALIR, to go out
SALIENDO, going out
SALIDO, gone out

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Salgo, I go out
Sales
Sale
†Salimos
Salís
Salen

Past Imperfect.

Salía, I used to go out
Salías
Salía
Salíamos
Salíais
Salían

Past Perfect.

Salí, I went out
Saliste
Salió
Salimos
Salisteis
Salieron

Future.

Saldré, I will, shall go out
Saldrás
Saldrá
Saldremos
Saldréis
Saldrán

†**Valer** takes the endings of the second model conjugation, while **salir** takes those of the third conjugation.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Sal tú, go out (thou), fam.
Salga Ud., go out (you), sing.
Salgamos N., let us go out
Salid V., go out (you), sing. & plu.
Salgan Uds., go out (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo salga, that I may go out
" tú salgas
" él salga
" N. salgamos
" V. salgáis
" E. salgan

Imperfect. First Form.

Saliera, I would, etc., go out
Salieras
Saliera
Saliéramos
Salierais
Salieran

Second Form.

Saldría, I would, etc., go out
Saldrías
Saldría
Saldríamos
Saldríais
Saldrían

Third Form.

Saliese, I would, etc., go out
Salieses
Saliese
Saliésemos
Salieseis
Saliesen

Future.

Saliere, I would, etc., go out
Salieres
Saliere
Saliéremos
Saliereis
Salieren

*TWELFTH MODEL CONJUGATION.

Verbs ending in **uir**, take **y** after the **u** of the stem, and change the **i** of the regular endings to **y** according to orthographical rules (page 23). **Inmiscuir** (to interfere) is a regular verb.

INFINITIVE MODE.

CONSTRUIR, to construct
CONSTRUYENDO, constructing
CONSTRUíDO, constructed

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Construyo, I construct, I build
Construyes
Construye
Construímos
Construís
Construyen

Past Imperfect.

Construía, I used to construct, I built
Construías
Construía
Construíamos
Construíais
Construían

Past Perfect.

Construí, I constructed, I built
Construíste
Construyó
Construímos
Construísteis
Construyeron

Future.

Construiré, I will or shall construct
Construirás
Construirá
Construiremos
Construiréis
Construirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Construye tú, build (thou), fam.
Construya Ud., build (you), sing.
Construyamos N., let us construct
Construíd V., build (you), S. & P.
Construyan Uds., construct (you), P.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo construya, that I may construct,
" tú construyas [or build
" él construya
" N. construyamos
" V. construyáis
" E. construyan

Imperfect. First Form.

Construyera, I would, etc., construct.
Construyeras [build
Construyera
Construyéramos
Construyerais
Construyeran

Second Form.

Construiría, I would, etc., construct.
Construirías [build
Construiría
Construiríamos
Construiríais
Construirían

Third Form.

Construyese, I would, etc., build
Construyeses
Construyese
Construyésemos
Construyeseis
Construyesen

Future.

Construyere, I would, etc., build or
Construyeres [construct
Construyere
Construyéremos
Construyereis
Construyeren

*See lesson 76 of Uribe's Master-Key to the Castillian Language, First Part.

Personal Notes.

FOURTH PART.

MOODS, SIMPLE AND COMBINED TENSES OF THE SPANISH VERB.

INFINITIVE MOOD.

Pagar	To pay	(Present)
Pagando	Paying	(Present participle)
Pagado	Paid	(Past participle)
Haber pagado	To have paid	(Preterit)
Haber de pagar	To have to pay	(Future)

INDICATIVE MOOD. Present.

Yo pago	I pay
Tú pagas	Thou payest
Él paga	He pays
N. pagamos	We pay
V. pagáis	You pay
E. pagan	They pay

Past Imperfect.

Yo pagaba	I used to pay	(I was paying)
Tú pagabas	Thou used to pay	(Thou wast paying)
Él pagaba	He used to pay	(He was paying)
N. pagábamos	We used to pay	(We were paying)
V. pagabais	You used to pay	(You were paying)
E. pagaban	They used to pay	(They were paying)

Preterit or Perfect Past.

Yo pagué	I paid	(I did pay)
Tú pagaste	Thou paidest	(Thou didst pay)
Él pagó	He paid	(He did pay)
N. pagamos	We paid	(We did pay)
V. pagasteis	You paid	(You did pay)
E. pagaron	They paid	(They did pay)

MOODS, SIMPLE AND COMBINED TENSES OF THE SPANISH VERB.

Preterit or Perfect Past.

Yo he pagado	I have paid
Tú has pagado	Thou hast paid
Él ha pagado	He has paid
N. hemos pagado	We have paid
V. habéis pagado	You have paid
E. han pagado	They have paid

Preterit or Perfect Past.

Yo hube pagado	I had paid
Tú hubiste pagado	Thou hadst paid
Él hubo pagado	He had paid
N. hubimos pagado	We had paid
V. hubisteis pagado	You had paid
E. hubieron pagado	They had paid

Plusquamperfect.

Yo había pagado	I had paid
Tú habías pagado	Thou hadst paid
Él había pagado	He had paid
N. habíamos pagado	We had paid
V. habíais pagado	You had paid
E. habían pagado	They had paid

Imperfect Future

Yo pagaré	I shall or will pay
Tú pagarás	Thou shalt or wilt pay
Él pagará	He shall or will pay
N. pagaremos	We shall or will pay
V. pagaréis	You shall or will pay
E. pagarán	They shall or will pay

Perfect Future.

Yo habré pagado	I shall or will have paid
Tú habrás pagado	Thou shalt or wilt have paid
Él habrá pagado	He shall or will have paid
N. habremos pagado	We shall or will have paid
V. habréis pagado	You shall or will have paid
E. habrán pagado	They shall or will have paid

IMPERATIVE MOOD. Present.

Paga tú	Pay (thou), familiar
Pague Ud.	Pay (you), formal, sing.
Paguemos N.	Let us pay
Pagad V.	Pay (you), singular and plural
Paguen Uds.	Pay (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD. Present.

Que yo pague	That I may pay
Que tú pagues	That thou mayest pay
Que él pague	That he may pay
Que N. paguemos	That we may pay
Que V. paguéis	That you may pay
Que E. paguen	That they may pay

Imperfect—First Form.

Yo pagara	I would, could, should or might pay
Tú pagaras	Thou wouldst, couldst, etc., pay
Él pagara	He should, would, could or might pay
N. pagáramos	We should, would, could or might pay
V. pagarais	You should, would, could or might pay
E. pagaran	They should, would, could or might pay

Second Form.

Yo pagaría	I should, would, could or might pay
Tú pagarías	Thou shouldst, wouldst, couldst, etc., pay
Él pagaría	He should, would, could or might pay
N. pagaríamos	We should, would, could or might pay
V. pagaríais	You should, would, could or might pay
E. pagarían	They should, would, could or might pay

Third Form.

Yo pagase	I should, would, could or might pay
Tú pagases	Thou shouldst, wouldst, couldst, etc., pay
Él pagase	He should, would, could or might pay
N. pagásemos	We should, would, could or might pay
V. pagaseis	You should, would, could or might pay
E. pagasen	They should, would, could or might pay

Perfect Preterit.

Yo haya pagado	I may have paid
Tú hayas pagado	Thou mayest have paid
Él haya pagado	He may have paid
N. hayamos pagado	We may have paid
V. hayáis pagado	You may have paid
E. hayan pagado	They may have paid

Plusquamperfect—First Form.

Yo hubiera pagado	I should, would, could have paid
Tú hubieras pagado	Thou wouldst, shouldst have paid
Él hubiera pagado	He should, would, could, etc., have paid
N. hubiéramos pagado	We should, would, could, etc., have paid
V. hubierais pagado	You should, would, could, etc., have paid
E. hubieran pagado	They should, would, could, etc., have paid

MOODS, SIMPLE AND COMBINED TENSES OF THE SPANISH VERB.

Second Form.

Yo habría pagado	I should, would, could or might have paid
Tú habrías pagado	Thou shouldst, wouldst, etc., have paid
Él habría pagado	He should, would, could or might have paid
N. habríamos pagado	We should, would, could or might have paid
V. habríais pagado	You should, would, could or might have paid
E. habrían pagado	They should, would, could or might have paid

Third Form.

Yo hubiese pagado	I should, would, could or might have paid
Tú hubieses pagado	Thou shouldst, wouldst, etc., have paid
Él hubiese pagado	He should, would, could or might have paid
N. hubiésemos pagado	We should, would, could or might have paid
V. hubieseis pagado	You should, would, could or might have paid
E. hubiesen pagado	They should, would, could or might have paid

Imperfect Future.

Yo pagare	I would, could, should or might pay
Tú pagares	Thou shouldst, wouldst, couldst pay
Él pagare	He would, should, could or might pay
N. pagáremos	We would, should, could or might pay
V. pagareis	You would, should, could or might pay
E. pagaren	They would, should, could or might pay

Perfect Future.

Yo hubiere pagado	I would, could, should or might have paid
Tú hubieres pagado	Thou shouldst, wouldst, couldst have paid
Él hubiere pagado	He should, would, could or might have paid
N. hubiéremos pagado	We should, would, could or might have paid
V. hubiereis pagado	You should, would, could or might have paid
E. hubieren pagado	They should, would, could or might have paid

CONJUGATION OF THE AUXILIARY VERB TO BE.

INFINITIVE MODE.

Ser	To be (present)
Haber sido	To have been (past per.)
Haber de ser	To have to be (future)
Siendo	Being (present part.)
Sido	Been (past part.)

INDICATIVE MODE.

Present.	Past Perfect.
Soy, I am, etc.	Hube sido, I had been,
Eres	Hubiste sido [etc.
Es	Hubo sido
Somos	Hubimos sido
Sois	Hubisteis sido
Son	Hubieron sido
Past Imperfect.	**Pluperfect.**
Era, I used to be, etc.	Había sido, I had been,
Eras	Habías sido [etc.
Era	Había sido
Éramos	Habíamos sido
Erais	Habíais sido
Eran	Habían sido
Past Perfect.	**Future Imperfect**
Fuí, I was, etc.	Seré, I will be, etc.
Fuiste	Serás
Fué	Será
Fuimos	Seremos
Fuisteis	Seréis
Fueron	Serán
Past Perfect.	**Future Perfect.**
He sido, I have been, [etc.	Habré sido, I shall have been, etc.
Has sido	Habrás sido
Ha sido	Habrá sido
Hemos sido	Habremos sido
Habéis sido	Habréis sido
Han sido	Habrán sido

IMPERATIVE MODE. Present.

Sé	tú	Be (thou), fam.
Sea	Ud.	Be (you), sing.
Seamos	N.	Let us be
Sed	V.	Be (you), sing. & plu.
Sean	Uds.	Be (you), plural

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo sea	That I may be
" tú seas	That thou mayest be
" él sea	That he may be
" N. seamos	That we may be
" V. seáis	That you may be
" E. sean	That they may be

Past Imperfect.

Yo fuera, sería or fuese, I would, could,
Tú fueras, serías or fueses [etc., be
Él fuera, sería or fuese
N. fuéramos, seríamos or fuésemos
V. fuerais, seríais or fueseis
E. fueran, serían or fuesen

Past Perfect.

Que yo haya sido, That I may have been,
" tú hayas sido [etc.
" él haya sido
" N. hayamos sido
" V. hayáis sido
" E. hayan sido

Pluperfect.

Yo hubiera, habría or hubiese sido, I would, could, etc., have been
Tú hubieras, habrías or hubieses sido
Él hubiera, habría or hubiese sido sido
N. hubiéramos, habríamos or hubiésemos
V. hubierais, habríais or hubieseis sido
E. hubieran, habrían or hubiesen sido

Future Imperfect.	Future Perfect.
Yo fuere, I would, could, etc., be	Hubiere sido, I would, etc., have been
Tú fueres	Hubieres sido
Él fuere	Hubiere sido
N. fuéremos	Hubiéremos sido
V. fuereis	Hubiereis sido
E. fueren	Hubieren sido

MODEL CONJUGATION OF REFLEXIVE VERBS IN ALL ITS SIMPLE AND COMPOUND TENSES.

INFINITIVE MODE.

*VESTIRSE	To dress one's self (present)
Vistiéndose	Dressing one's self (present participle)
Vestídose	Dressed one's self (past participle)
Haber vestídose (haberse vestido)	To have dressed one's self (preterit)
Haber de vestirse	To have to dress one's self (future)

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

(Yo) me visto, I dress myself, etc.
(Tú) te vistes
(Él) se viste
(N.) nos vestimos
(V.) os vestís
(E.) se visten

Imperfect Past.

(Yo) me vestía, I used to dress myself, etc.
(Tú) te vestías
(Él) se vestía
(N.) nos vestíamos
(V.) os vestíais
(E.) se vestían

Preterit.

(Yo) me vestí, I dressed myself, etc.
(Tú) te vestiste
(Él) se vistió
(N.) nos vestimos
(V.) os vestisteis
(E.) se vistieron

*See lesson "The Preterit" in Uribe's Master-Key, Part One.

INDICATIVE MODE—Continued.

Preterit.

(Yo) me he vestido, I have dressed myself,
(Tú) te has vestido [etc.
(Él) se ha vestido
(N.) nos hemos vestido
(V.) os habéis vestido
(E.) se han vestido

Preterit.

(Yo) me hube vestido, I had dressed my-
(Tú) te hubiste vestido [self, etc.
(Él) se hubo vestido
(N.) nos hubimos vestido
(V.) os hubisteis vestido
(E.) se hubieron vestido

Plusquamperfect.

(Yo) me había vestido, I had dressed my-
(Tú) te habías vestido [self, etc.
(Él) se había vestido
(N.) nos habíamos vestido
(V.) os habíais vestido
(E.) se habían vestido

Imperfect Future.

(Yo) me vestiré, I shall or will dress my-
(Tú) te vestirás [self, etc.
(Él) se vestirá
(N.) nos vestiremos
(V.) os vestiréis
(E.) se vestirán

Perfect Future.

(Yo) me habré vestido, I shall or will have
(Tú) te habrás vestido [dressed myself, etc.
(Él) se habrá vestido
(N.) nos habremos vestido
(V.) os habréis vestido
(E.) se habrán vestido

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Vístete (tú) Dress thyself
Vístase Ud. Dress yourself
†Vistámonos (N.) Let us dress ourselves
Vestíos (V.) Dress yourselves
Vístanse Uds. Dress yourselves

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que (yo) me vista, That I may dress myself, etc.
" (tú) te vistas
" (él) se vista
" (N.) nos vistamos
" (V.) os vistáis
" (E.) se vistan

Imperfect. First Form.

(Yo) me vistiera, I would, etc., dress myself, etc.
(Tú) te vistieras
(Él) se vistiera
(N.) nos vistiéramos
(V.) os vistierais
(E.) se vistieran

Second Form.

(Yo) me vestiría, I would, etc., dress myself, etc.
(Tú) te vestirías
(Él) se vestiría
(N.) nos vestiríamos
(V.) os vestiríais
(E.) se vestirían

Third Form.

(Yo) me vistiese, I would, etc., dress myself, etc.
(Tú) te vistieses
(Él) se vistiese
(N.) nos vistiésemos
(V.) os vistieseis
(E.) se vistiesen

Perfect Preterit.

Que (yo) me haya vestido, That I may have dressed myself, etc.
" (tú) te hayas vestido
" (él) se haya vestido
" (N.) nos hayamos vestido
" (V.) os hayáis vestido
" (E.) se hayan vestido.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE—Continued.

Plusquamperfect. First Form.

(Yo) me hubiera vestido, I would, etc., have
(Tú) te hubieras vestido [dressed
(Él) se hubiera vestido [myself, etc.
(N.) nos hubiéramos vestido
(V.) os hubierais vestido
(E.) se hubieran vestido

Second Form.

(Yo) me habría vestido, I would, etc., have
(Tú) te habrías vestido [dressed
(Él) se habría vestido [myself, etc.
(N.) nos habríamos vestido
(V.) os habríais vestido
(E.) se habrían vestido

Third Form.

(Yo) me hubiese vestido, I would, etc., have
(Tú) te hubieses vestido [dressed
(Él) se hubiese vestido [myself, etc.
(N.) nos hubiésemos vestido
(V.) os hubieseis vestido
(E.) se hubiesen vestido

Imperfect Future.

(Yo) me vistiere, I would, etc., dress my-
(Tú) te vistieres [self, etc.
(Él) se vistiere
(N.) nos vistiéremos
(V.) os vistiereis
(E.) se vistieren

Perfect Future.

(Yo) me hubiere vestido, I would, etc., have
(Tú) te hubieres vestido [dressed
(Él) se hubiere vestido [myself, etc.
(N.) nos hubiéremos vestido
(V.) os hubiereis vestido
(E.) se hubieren vestido

†All the reflexive verbs drop the "s" in this person for the sake of euphony.

MODEL CONJUGATION OF A VERB IN THE PASSIVE VOICE.

INFINITIVE MODE.

Ser temido	To be feared	(Present)
Siendo temido	Being feared	(Pres. Partc.)
Sido temido	Been feared	(Past Partc.)
Haber sido temido	To have been feared	(Preterit)
Haber de ser temido	To have to be feared	(Future)

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Soy temido, I am feared, etc.
Eres temido
Es temido
Somos temidos (1)
Sois temidos
Son temidos

Imperfect Past.

Era temido, I was feared, etc., or I used to be feared
Eras temido
Era temido
Éramos temidos
Erais temidos
Eran temidos

Preterit or Past Perfect.

Fuí temido, I was feared, etc.
Fuiste temido
Fué temido
Fuimos temidos
Fuisteis temidos
Fueron temidos

Preterit or Past Perfect.

He sido temido, I have been feared, etc.
Has sido temido
Ha sido temido
Hemos sido temidos
Habéis sido temidos
Han sido temidos

(1) This is not a past participle; but an adjective subject to gender and number.

INDICATIVE MODE—Continued.

Preterit or Past Perfect.

Hube sido temido, I had been feared, etc.
Hubiste sido temido
Hubo sido temido
Hubimos sido temidos
Hubisteis sido temidos
Hubieron sido temidos

Plusquamperfect.

Había sido temido, I had been feared, etc.
Habías sido temido
Había sido temido
Habíamos sido temidos
Habíais sido temidos
Habían sido temidos

Imperfect Future.

Seré temido, I shall or will be feared, etc.
Serás temido
Será temido
Seremos temidos
Seréis temidos
Serán temidos

Perfect Future.

Habré sido temido, I shall or will have
Habrás sido temido [been feared, etc.
Habrá sido temido
Habremos sido temidos
Habréis sido temidos
Habrán sido temidos

IMPERATIVE MODE. Present.

Sé temido (tú)	Be feared (thou), fam.
Sea temido Ud.	Be feared (you), sing.
Seamos temidos N.	Let us be feared
Sed temidos V.	Be feared (you), plu.
Sean temidos Uds.	Be feared (you), plu.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo sea temido, That I may be feared,
" tú seas temido [etc.
" él sea temido
" N. seamos temidos
" V. seáis temidos
" E. sean temidos

Imperfect. First Form.

Fuera temido, I would, etc., be feared, etc.
Fueras temido
Fuera temido
Fuéramos temidos
Fuerais temidos
Fueran temidos

Second Form.

Sería temido, I would, etc., be feared, etc.
Serías temido
Sería temido
Seríamos temidos
Seríais temidos
Serían temidos

Third Form.

Fuese temido, I would, etc., be feared, etc.
Fueses temido
Fuese temido
Fuésemos temidos
Fueseis temidos
Fuesen temidos

Preterit.

Que yo haya sido temido, That I may have
" tú hayas sido temido [been feared,
" él haya sido temido [etc.
" N. hayamos sido temidos
" V. hayáis sido temidos
" E. hayan sido temidos

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE—Continued.

Plusquamperfect. First Form.

Hubiera sido temido, I would, etc., have [been feared
Hubieras sido temido
Hubiera sido temido
Hubiéramos sido temidos
Hubierais sido temidos
Hubieran sido temidos

Second Form.

Habría sido temido, I would, etc., have [been feared
Habrías sido temido
Habría sido temido
Habríamos sido temidos
Habríais sido temidos
Habrían sido temidos

Third Form.

Hubiese sido temido, I would, etc., have [been feared
Hubieses sido temido
Hubiese sido temido
Hubiésemos sido temidos
Hubieseis sido temidos
Hubiesen sido temidos

Imperfect Future.

Fuere temido, I would, etc., be feared
Fueres temido
Fuere temido
Fuéremos temidos
Fuereis temidos
Fueren temidos

Perfect Future.

Hubiere sido temido, I would have been [feared, etc.
Hubieres sido temido
Hubiere sido temido
Hubiéremos sido temidos
Hubiereis sido temidos
Hubieren sido temidos

MODEL CONJUGATION OF DEFECTIVE VERBS.

INFINITIVE MODE.

Abolir	To abolish
Aboliendo	Abolishing
Abolido	Abolished.

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

....., I abolish, etc.
.....
.....

Abolimos	We abolish
Abolís	You abolish, s. and p.

.....

Past Imperfect.

Abolía, I used to abolish, etc.
Abolías
Abolía
Abolíamos
Abolíais
Abolían

Past Perfect.

Abolí, I abolished, I did, etc.
Aboliste
Abolió
Abolimos
Abolisteis
Abolieron

Imperfect Future.

Aboliré, I shall or will abolish, etc.
Abolirás
Abolirá
Aboliremos
Aboliréis
Abolirán

IMPERATIVE MODE.

.....	Abolish (thou), fam.
.....	Abolish (you), sing.
.....	Let us abolish
Abolid	Abolish (you), s. and p.
.....	Abolish (you), plu.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo ..... That I may abolish, etc.
" tú .....
" él .....
" N. .....
" V. .....
" E. .....

Imperfect. First Form.

Aboliera, I would, etc., abolish
Abolieras
Aboliera
Aboliéramos
Abolierais
Abolieran

Second Form.

Aboliría, I would, etc., abolish
Abolirías
Aboliría
Aboliríamos
Aboliríais
Abolirían

Third Form.

Aboliese, I would, etc., abolish
Abolieses
Aboliese
Aboliésemos
Abolieseis
Aboliesen

Future.

Aboliere, I would, etc., abolish
Abolieres
Aboliere
Aboliéremos
Abolliereis
Abolieren

MODEL CONJUGATION OF IMPERSONAL VERBS.

INFINITIVE MODE.

Llover	To rain
Lloviendo	Raining
Llovido	Rained

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

.....
.....
Llueve, It rains
.....
.....
.....

Past Imperfect.

.....
.....
Llovía, It used to rain, it was raining,
..... [it rained, etc.
.....
.....

Past Perfect.

.....
.....
Llovió, It rained, it did rain
.....
.....
.....

Imperfect Future.

.....
.....
Lloverá, It will rain
.....
.....
.....

IMPERATIVE MODE.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

.....
.....
Que llueva, That it may rain
.....
.....
.....

Imperfect. First Form.

.....
.....
Lloviera, It would, etc., rain
.....
.....
.....

Second Form.

.....
.....
Llovería, It would, etc., rain
.....
.....
.....

Third Form.

.....
.....
Lloviese, It would, etc., rain
.....
.....
.....

Future.

.....
.....
Lloviere, It would, etc.. rain
.....
.....
.....

Impersonal Verbs.

HABER—IMPERSONAL

INFINITIVE MODE.

*HABER..... (There) be. Present.
HABIENDO There being. Pres. Part.
HABIDO ..... There having been. Past Part.

INDICATIVE MODE.

†Hay .....There is, there are. Pres.
Había .....There was, there were. Impct. Past.
Hubo .....There was, there were. Perfect Past.
Ha habido .....There has been. Perfect Past.
Hubo habido .....There had been. Perfect Past.
Había habido .....There had been. Pluperfect.
Habrá .....There will be. Simple Future.
Habrá habido .....There will have been. Future Perfect.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE.

Haya .....Let there be. Present.
Hubiera.....There would be. Impct.
Habría .....There would be. Impct.
Hubiese .....There would be. Impct.
Haya habido .....There (may) have been. Past Perfect.
Hubiera habido....There would have been. Pluperfect.
Habría habido ....There would have been. Pluperfect.
Hubiese habido....There would have been. Pluperfect.
Hubiere .....There would be. Future.
Hubiere habido....There would have been. Future Perfect.

*It is said: No puede haber paz (there cannot be peace).

†**Ha** is used instead of **hay** in speaking of the time: Ha mucho tiempo (long time ago). Tres años ha (three years ago).

Regular, Irregular and semi-irregular Verbs Having Two Past Participles

Regular and irregular verbs having two past participles, of which the irregular one is used as an adjective only. Frito (fried), preso (arrested), provisto (provided), and roto (broken) are the only irregular past participles used with the auxiliary verb To have (haber).

A

Abstraer—to abstract
abstraído, abstracto—abstracted 60-61
Ahitar—to become tired
ahitado, ahito—tired..... 16-19
Afligir—to afflict
afligido, aflicto—afflicted..... 24-27
Atender—to attend
atendido, atento—attentive..... 80-81

B

Bendecir—to bless
bendecido, bendito—blessed..... 46-47

C

Circuncidar—to circumcise
Circuncidado, circunciso—
circumcised 16-19
Compeler—to compel
compelido, compulso—compelled 20-23
Comprender—to comprehend
comprendido, compreso—
comprehended 20-23
Comprimir—to compress
comprimido, compreso—
compressed 24-27
Concluir—to conclude
concluído, concluso—concluded..108-109
Confesar—to confess
confesado, confeso—confessed.. 80-81
Confundir—to confound
confundido, confuso—
confounded 24-27
Consumir—to consume
consumido, consunto—consumed 24-27

Contundir—to bruise
contundido, contuso—bruised.... 24-27
Convencer—to convince
convencido—convicto—convicted
—convinced 20-22
Convertir—to convert
convertido, converso—converted 94-95
Corregir—to correct
corregido, correcto—
corrected (correct) 90-91-27
Corromper—to corrupt
corrompido, corrupto—
corrupted 20-23

D

Despertar—to awaken
despertado, despierto—
awoke (awake) 80-81
Difundir—to diffuse
difundido, difuso—
diffused (diffuse) 24-27
Dividir—to divide
dividido, diviso—divided 24-27

E

Elegir—to elect
elegido, electo—elected..... 90-91
Enjugar—to wipe off
enjugado, enjuto—wiped off..... 16-19
Excluir—to exclude
excluído, excluso—excluded.....108-109
Eximir—to exempt
eximido, exento—exempted..... 24-27
Expeler—to eject
expelido, expulso—ejected..... 20-23
Expresar—to express
expresado, expreso—expressed.. 16-19
Extender—to extend
extendido, extenso—
extended (extensive) 80-81
Extinguir—to extinguish
extinguido, extinto—
extinguished 24-27

F

Fijar—to fix
fijado, fijo—fixed 16-19
Freir—to fry
freído, frito—fried 92-93

H

Hartar—to satiate
hartado, harto—satiated 16-19

I

Incluir—to include
incluído, incluso—included 108-109
Incurrir—to incur
incurrido, incurso—incurred..... 24-27
Infundir—to infuse
infundido, infuso—infused 24-27
Injertar—to ingraft
injertado, injerto—ingrafted 16-19
Insertar—to insert
insertado, inserto—inserted 16-19
Invertir—to invert
invertido, inverso—inverted..... 94-95

J

Juntar—to join
juntado, junto—joined..... 16-19

M.

Maldecir—to curse
maldecido, maldito—cursed..... 46-47
Manifestar—to manifest
manifestado, manifiesto—
manifested 80-81

N

Nacer—to be born
nacido, nato—being born..... 84-85

O

Oprimir—to oppress
oprimido, opreso—oppressed..... 24-27

P

Pasar—to pass
pasado, paso—passed..... 16-19
Poseer—to possess
poseído, poseso—possessed 20-23

Prender—to arrest
prendido, preso—arrested 20-23
Presumir—to presume
presumido, presunto—presumed 24-27
Pretender—to pretend
pretendido, pretenso—pretended 20-23
Propender—to be inclined
propendido, propenso—
being inclined 20-23
Proveer—to provide
proveído, provisto—provided 20-23

R

Recluir—to shut in
recluído, recluso—shut in.....108-109
Romper—to break
rompido, roto—broken 20-23

S

Salpresar—to salt (pickle)
salpresado, salpreso—
salted (pickled) 16-19
Salvar—to save
salvado, salvo—saved..... 16-19
Sepultar—to bury
sepultado, sepulto—buried..... 16-19
Soltar—to let loose
soltado, suelto—let loose..... 82-83
Substituir—to substitute
substituído, substituto—
substituted 108-109
Sujetar—to subdue
sujetado, sujeto—subdued..... 16-19
Suprimir—to suppress
suprimido, supreso—suppressed 24-27
Suspender—to suspend
suspendido, suspenso—suspended 20-23

T

Teñir—to dye
teñido, tinto—dyed 92-93
Torcer—to wring (twist)
torcido, tuerto—
wrung (twisted).....22-82-83

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF IRREGULAR AND SEMI-IRREGULAR VERBS USED IN THE SPANISH LAUGUAGE

Abbreviations Used in This List

a. .....Stands for active.
aux..... " " auxiliary.
def. ..... " " defective.
imp..... " " impersonal.
n. ..... " " neuter.
r. ..... " " reflexive or reciprocal.

The numbers indicate the page at which the model conjugation of every verb can be found. The model conjugation of "absolver" is "contar," see pages 82 and 83.

A.

Abastecer .....To supply, purvey, a. and r..... 84-85
Abolir .....To abolish, a. and def. 24-25, 132-133
Abrir .....To open, a., n. and r. 24-25-162
Absolver .....To absolve, a..... 82-83
Abstraer .....To abstract, a., n. and r. 60-61
Acaecer .....To happen, n. and imp. 84-85, 132-133
Acertar .....To ascertain, guess, divine, a. and n. 80-81
Acollar .....To put dirt around a plant, cultivate, a. 82-83
Acontecer .....To happen, imp..... 84-85
Acordar .....To agree, accord, remember, a., n. and r. 82-83
Acornar .....To butt with the horns, a. 82-83
Acostar .....To put to bed, lay down, a., n. and r. 82-83
Acrecentar .....To increase, a. 80-81
Adestrar .....To train, a. 80-81
Adherir .....To adhere, n. and r. 94-95

Adormir .....To befogue, calm, n. and r. 100-101
Adquirir .....To acquire, a. 96-99
Aducir .....To present proofs, a. 86-87
Advertir .....To warn, announce, a., n. and r..... 94-95
Afluir .....To concur in great number or quantity, n. 108-109
Agorar .....To foretell, a. 82-83
Agradecer .....To be thankful, grateful, a. 84-85
Alentar .....To encourage, a., n. and r. 80-81
Aliquebrar .....To break the wings, a. and r..... 80-81
Almorzar .....To breakfast, a. and n. 82-83-19
Alongar .....To enlarge, a. and r...82-83-18
Amanecer .....To dawn, to be at dawn, a., n., imp. and r. 84-85-134-135
Amoblar .....To furnish a house, a. 82-83
Amolar .....To grind, sharpen, a. 82-83
Andar .....To walk, stroll, n. and r. 30-31
Anochecer .....To grow dark, to be at twilight, n., imp. and r. 84-85, 134-135
Anteponer .....To place before, a. and r. 58-59
Apacentar .....To put or send cattle into pasture, a. and r..... 80-81
Aparscer .....To appear, n and r. 84-85
Apercollar .....To hold by the neck, a. 82-83
Apernar .....To tie animals by the legs, a..... 80-81
Apostar .....To bet, to post soldiers, a. and r..... 82-83
Apretar .....To tighten, squeeze, a. and r..... 80-81
Aprobar .....To approve, a. 82-83

Argüir .....To argue, a. and n...108-109
Arrecirse .....To freeze, to be frozen, r. and def.....132-133
Arrendar .....To lease, let, rent, a. 80-81
Arrepentirse ....To repent, r. 94-95
Ascender .....To ascend, a. and n. 80-81
Asentar .....To smooth, calm, a. and r. 80-81
Asentir .....To assent, consent, n. 94-95
Aserrar .....To saw, a. 80-81
Asir .....To take hold of, catch, seize, a., n. and r..... 68-69
Asolar .....To destroy, devastate, desolate, a. 82-83
Asoldar .....To hire servants, a. and r. 82-83
Atañer .....To pertain, concern, def. 88-89
Atender .....To attend, to be attentive, a. and n. 80-81
Atenerse .....To rely on, r..... 34-35
Atentar .....To attempt, tempt, a. and r..... 80-81
Aterirse .....To grow stiff with cold, r. 94-95
Aterrar .....To terrify, a. and r. 80-81
Atestar .....To cram, stuff, crowd, a. 80-81
Atraer .....To attract, allure, a and r. 60-61
Atravesar .....To cross, pass over, traverse, a. and r. 80-81
Atribuir .....To attribute, a. and r. 108-109
Atronar .....To resound, a. and r. 82-83, 134-135
Avenir .....To agree, to be congenial, a. and r... 62-63
Aventar .....To be puffed up, expell, a. and r..... 80-81
Avergonzar .....To shame, a. and r...82-83-19

B

Balbucir .....To stammer, n. and def. 84-85
Bendecir .....*To bless, a. 46-47-137
Bienquerer .....To like well, to be-love, a. 50-51
Bruñir .....To burnish, a. 88-89
Bullir .....To bustle, a., n. and r. 88-89

C

Caber .....To contain, go through, hold, n. 66-67
Caer .....To fall, n. and r.....40-41-23
Calentar .....To warm, heat, a. and r. 80-81
Cegar .....To go or grow blind, a. and n.....80-81-18
Ceñir .....To restrain, draw up the waist, tighten a belt, a. and r... 92-93
Cerner .....To strain, a. and n... 80-81
Cerrar .....To close, lock, a., n. and r. 80-81
Cimentar .....To cement, found, a. 80-81
Circuir .....To encircle, a. 108-109
Cocer .....To boil, a., n. and r. 82-83-22
Colar .....To strain, filter, a., n. and r..... 82-83
Colegir .....To deduce, infer, a. 90-91-27
Colgar .....To hang, suspend, a. and n. 82-83-18
Comedirse .....To be of service, to be thoughtful, a. and r. 90-91
Comenzar .....To commence, begin, start, a. and n...80-81-19
Competir .....To compete, n. 90-91
Complacer .....To please, a. and r... 84-85
Componer .....To compose, arrange, put in order, repair, a., n. and r. 58-59

Comprobar .....To verify, to prove, a., n. and r..... 82-83
Concebir .....To conceive, a. and n. 90-91
Concernir .....To regard, concern, n. and def. 80-81, 132-133
Concertar .....To agree, settle, adjust, a., n. and r. 80-81
Concluir .....To conclude, a. and r. 108-109
Concordar .....To accord, agree, a. and n. 82-83
Condescender ..To yield, condescend, n. 80-81
Condolerse .....To condole, r. 82-83
Conducir .....To conduct, convey, a. and r..... 86-87
Conferir .....To do favors, confer honors a. and n..... 94-95
Confesar .....To confess, a. and r. 80-81
Conmover .....To move (passions), a. and r..... 82-83
Conocer .....To know, be acquainted, a. and r..... 84-85
Conseguir .....To get, attain, a.....90-91-26
Consentir .....To consent, a. and r. 94-95
Consolar .....To console, cheer, a. and r. 82-83
Consonar .....To harmonize, n. 82-83
Constituir .....To constitute, a. 108-109
Constreñir .....To constrain, force, a. 92-93
Construir .....To construct, a. 108-109
Contar .....To count, a. and n... 82-83
Contender .....To contend, n. 80-81
Contener .....To contain, hold, stop, a. and r..... 34-35
Contradecir .....To contradict, a. and r. 46-47
Contraer .....To contract, a. and r. 60-61
Contrair .....To oppose, a. 44-45
Contrahacer ....To counterfeit, n. and r. 42-43
Contraponer ....To oppose, compare, a. and r..... 58-59

Contravenir ....To contravene, transgress, a. 62-63
Contribuir .....To contribute, a. 108-109
Controvertir ....To dispute, controvert, a. and n..... 94-95
Convenir .....To agree, n. and r..... 62-63
Convertir .....To convert, a. and r. 94-95
Cornar .....To butt with the horns, a. and r... 82-83
Corregir .....To correct, amend, a. and r. 90-91-27
Corroer .....To corrode, a. and r. 164
Costar .....To cost, a. 82-83
Crecer .....To grow, n. and r... 84-85
Creer .....To believe, a. 20-23-163
Cubrir .....*To cover, a. and r. (irr. in past part. only) 24-25-162

D

Dar .....To give, a., n. and r. 38-39
Decaer .....To decay, fade, n..... 40-41
Decentar .....To decay, rot, a. and r. 80-81
Decir .....To say, tell, a..... 46-47
Deducir .....To deduce, a. 86-87
Defender .....To defend, a. 80-81
Deferir .....To defer, a. and n... 94-95
Degollar .....To behead, a. 82-83
Demoler .....To demolish, a. 82-83
Demostrar .....To demonstrate, a. .. 82-83
Denegar .....To deny, a. 80-81-18
Denostar .....To insult, a. 82-83
Deponer .....To displace, declare, vomit, a. 58-59
Derrengar .....To lame, a. and r.....80-81-18
Derretir .....To melt, a. and r..... 90-91
Derruir .....To ruin, destroy, a...108-109
Desacertar .....To err, mistake, a..... 80-81
Desacordar .....To disharmonize, a. and r. 82-83
Desagradecer....To be ungrateful, a. 84-85

Desalentar .....To discourage, a. and r. 80-81
Desamoblar .....To unfurnish, a. 82-83
Desandar .....To walk way back, a. 30-31
Desaparecer .....To disappear a. n. and r. 84-85
Desapretar .....To loosen, a. 80-81
Desaprobar .....To disapprove, a. 82-83
Desarrendar ....To break a lease, a. and r. 80-81
Desasir .....To let go, get rid of, a. 68-69
Desatender .....To neglect, a. 80-81
Desatravesar ....To remove what was across, a. 80-81
Desavenir .....To disagree, a. and r. 62-63
Descender .....To descend, n. 80-81
Descolgar .....To take down, a. and r. 82-83-18
Descollar .....To excel, a. and r..... 82-83
Descomedirse....To not to be obliging, r. 90-91
Descomponer ....To discompose, decompose, disarrange, a. and r... 58-59
Desconcertar ....To disconcert, a. and r. 80-81
Desconocer .....To disavow, be ignorant, not to recognize, a. and r..... 84-85
Desconsolar ....To discourage, a. and r. 82-83
Descontar .....To discount, diminish, a. 82-83
Descordar .....To unstring, a. 82-83
Desdecir .....To retract, a., n. and r. 46-47
Desempedrar ....To remove stones, to unpave, a. 80-81
Desencerrar .....To unlock, to free, a. 80-81
Desencordar ....To unstring, a. 82-83
Desengrosar ....To get thin, a..... 82-83
Desenterrar .....To disinter, unearth, a. 80-81
Deservir .....To be useless, a..... 90-91

Desgobernar ....To misgovern, a. and r. 80-81
Deshacer .....To undo, a. and r..... 42-43
Deshelar .....To thaw, a. and r. 80-81, 134-135
Desherbar .....To weed, a. 80-81
Desherrar .....To remove horse-shoes, a. and r... 80-81
Desinvernar ....To leave the winter quarters, a. and n. 80-81
Deslendrar .....To clean the hair from nits, a..... 80-81
Deslucir .....To spoil, tarnish the lustre, obscure one's merit, a. and r. 84-85
Desmembrar ....To dismember, a. and r. 80-81
Desmerecer .....To demerit, be lowered in estimation, a. and n..... 84-85
Desoir .....To ignore, not to hear, a. 56-57
Desolar .....To destroy, harass, lay waste, a. and r. 82-83
Desoldar .....To unsolder, a. and r. 82-83
Desollar .....To skin, a. and r..... 82-83
Desosar .....*To take out the bones of animals or fruits, a. 82-83-29
Desparecer .....Not to be of the same likeness, n. and r. 84-85
Despavorir.....To frighten, def.....132-133
Despedir .....To bid good-bye, discharge, a. and r. 90-91
Despernar .....To cut off the legs, a. 80-81
Despertar .....To awake, a., n. and r. 80-81
Desplegar .....To unfold, open the lips, remove plaits, a. and r.....80-81-18
Despoblar .....To depopulate, a. and r. 82-83

Desquerer .....To cease loving, a... 50-51
Desterrar .....To banish, a. 80-81
Destituir.....To deprive, to fire out, a. 108-109
Destorcer .....To untwist, a. and r...82-83-22
Destrocar .....To annul an exchange, a. 82-83-18
Destruir .....To destroy, a. and r. 108-109
Desvergonzarse To be impudent, r...82-83-19
Desvestir .....To undress, a. and r. 90-91
Detener .....To detain, stop, a. and r. 34-35
Devolver .....To restore, return, a. and r. 82-83
Diferir .....To differ, put off, a and n. 94-95
Digerir .....To digest, a. 94-95
Diluir .....To dilute, a. and r...108-109
Discernir .....To discern, a. 80-81
Discordar .....To disagree, n. 82-83
Disentir .....To disagree in opinion, n. 94-95
Disminuir .....To diminish, a., n. and r. 108-109
Disolver .....To dissolve, a. and r. 82-83
Disonar .....To disagree in sound, n. 82-83
Disponer .....To dispose of, arrange, prepare, a., n. and r..... 58-59
Distender .....To distend, a. and r. 80-81
Distraer .....To distract, a. and r. 60-61
Distribuir .....To distribute, a. and r. 108-109
Divertir .....To amuse, a. and r... 94-95
Dolar .....To carve wood, a..... 82-83
Doler .....To pain, n. and r..... 82-83
Dormir .....To sleep, a., n. and r. 100-101

E

Elegir .....To elect, select, choose, a. 90-91-27

Embair .....To deceive, labor under delusion, a. and def. 132-133
Embestir .....To assail, a. and n... 90-91
Emparentar.....To be related by marriage, n. 80-81
Empedernir ....To harden, a., r. and def. 132-133
Empedrar.....To pave with stones, a. 80-81
Empezar .....To begin, commence, start, a. and n...80-81-19
Emporcar .....To soil, dirty, a. and r. 82-83-18
Encender .....To kindle, inflame, light, a. and r.....- 80-81
Encerrar .....To shut up, confine, lock up, a. and r. 80-81
Enclocar .....To feel proud, pride oneself, n. and r. 82-83-18
Encomendar ....To recommend, a., n. and r. 80-81
Encontrar .....To meet, encounter, a., n. and r..... 82-83
Encorar .....To encase in leather, a., n. and r..... 82-83
Encordar .....To string, a. 82-83
Encovar .....To hide in a cave.... 82-83
Engreir .....To be fond or proud of, a. and r..... 92-93
Engrosar .....To increase, grow stout, a., n. and r. 82-83
Enhestar .....To set upright, erect, a. and r..... 80-81
Enlenzar ....To line with linen, a. 80-81-19
Enmelar .....To sweeten, cover with honey, a..... 80-81
Enmendar .....To correct, reform, a. and r. 80-81
Enrodar .....To kill by means of a wheel, a..... 82-83

Ensangrentar ..To stain with blood, a. and r..... 80-81
Entender .....To understand, a. and r. 80-81
Enterrar .....To inter, bury, a..... 80-81
Entortar .....To spoil the sight of one eye, a. and r. 82-83
Entremorir .....To starve, have a candle almost finished, n. 102-103
Entreoir .....To hear without understanding well, a. 56-57
Entrepernar ....To cross the legs, n. 80-81
Entretener .....To entertain, delay, a. and r..... 34-35
Entrever .....To foresee, disclose, a. 64-65
Envestir .....To invest with honors, etc., a..... 90-91
Envolver .....To wrap up, a. and r. 82-83
Equivaler .....To be equivalent, n. 104-105
Erguir .....To be elated with pride, erect, raise up, n. and r.....70-71-26
Errar .....To err, a., n.and r. 80-81-164
Escarmentar ....To take warning, have experience, a. and n..... 80-81
Escocer .....To irritate, provoke, n. and r.....82-83-22
Escribir .....To write, a. and r. 24-25-162
Esforzar .....To strengthen, a. and r. 82-83-19
Estar .....To be, n. and r..... 32-33
Estregar .....To rub, scour, a. and r 80-81-18
Estreñir .....To constipate, n. and r. 92-93
Excluir .....To exclude, a. 108-109
Expedir .....To despatch, issue, a. 90-91
Exponer .....To expose, a. and r... 58-59
Extender .....To extend, a. and r... 80-81
Extraer .....To extract, a. 60-61

F

Fallecer .....To die, n. 84-85
Favorecer .....To favor, protect a... 84-85
Fenecer .....To die, finish, conclude, a. and n... 84-85
Florecer .....To blossom, flourish, bloom, n. and r... 84-85
Fluir .....To flow, n. 108-109
Fortalecer .....To fortify, strengthen, a. and r..... 84-85
Forzar .....To force, compel, a. 82-83-19
Fregar .....To rub, cleanse, wash (dishes), a. 80-81-18
Freir .....To fry, a. and r..... 92-93

G

Gañir .....To howl, n. 88-89
Garantir .....To guarantee, a. 24-25, 132-133
Gemir .....To groan, n. 90-91
Gobernar .....To govern, a., n. and r. 80-81
Gruñir .....To grunt, n. 88-89

H

Haber .....To have, a., aux., imp. and r.....36-37-136
Hacendar .....To provide with farming land, a. and r. 80-81
Hacer .....To do, make, a., n. and r. 42-43
Heder .....To smell badly, n..... 80-81
Helar .....To freeze, a., n. and r. 80-81, 133-134
Henchir .....To fill, a. 90-91
Hender .....To split, crack, a..... 80-81
Herbar .....To tan with herbs, a. 80-81
Herir .....To wound, a. and r... 94-95
Herrar .....To shoe horses, a..... 80-81
Hervir .....To boil, n. 94-95
Holgar .....To rest, to be at ease, n. and r.....82-83-18
Hollar .....To tramp over, a..... 82-83
Huir .....To flee, elope, a., n. and r. 108-109
Humedecer .....To moisten, a. and r. 84-85

I

Impedir	To	impede, a. 90-91
Imponer	To	impose, a. and r. 58-59
Imprimir	To	print, a. 24-25-162
Improbar	To	reprove, a. 82-83
Incensar	To	incense, perfume, praise, a. 80-81
Incluir	To	include, a. 108-109
Indisponer	To	indispose, a. and r. 58-59
Inducir	To	induce, a. 86-87
Inferir	To	infer, a. 94-95
Infernar	To	make suffer, a..... 80-81
Influir	To	influence, a. 108-109
Ingerir	To	insert, a. and r... 94-95
Inquirir	To	inquire, a. 96-97
Instituir	To	institute, a. 108-109
Instruir	To	instruct, a. and r...108-109
Intervenir	To	intervene, interrupt, a. and n... 62-63
Introducir	To	introduce, a. and r. 86-87
Invernar	To	pass the winter, n. 80-81
Invertir	To	invert, a. 94-95
Investir	To	invest, a. 90-91
Ir	To	go, n. and r..... 44-45

J

Jimenzar	To	beat the linen plant, a. 80-81
Jugar	To	play (games), a. and n. 96-99-18

L

Languidecer	To	languish, n. 84-85
Leer	To	read, a. 20-23
Lucir	To	show, display, a., n. and r..... 84-85

LL

Llover	To	rain, leak, imp, a., n. and r.....134-135

M

Maldecir	To curse, a. and n...	46-47
Malherir	To wound seriously, a.	94-95
Malquerer	To dislike, a.	50-51
Malsonar	To sound badly, n...	82-83
Maltraer	To maltreat, abuse, a.	60-61
Mancornar	To tie together two animals or things of the same kind, a.	82-83
Manifestar	To inform, manifest, a. and r.....	80-81
Manir	To mellow, a. and def. 24-25,	132-133
Mantener	To maintain, support, a. and r.....	34-35
Medir	To measure, a. and r.	90-91
Melar	To sweeten, to make molasses, a. and n.	80-81
Mentar	To mention, remind, name, a.	80-81
Mentir	To lie, deceive, a. and n.	94-95
Merecer	To deserve, a. and n.	84-85
Merendar	To lunch in the afternoon, a. and n.	80-81
Moblar	To furnish (houses), a.	82-83
Moler	To grind, molest, a.	82-83
Morder	To bite, a. and r.....	82-83
Morir	To die, n. and r.....100-	103
Mostrar	To show, exhibit, a. and r.	82-83
Mover	To move, a. and r...	82-83
Mullir	To make easy, soften, a.	88-89
Muñir	To summon, a.	88-89

N

Nacer	To be born, n. and r.	84-85

Negar .....To deny, a. and r.....80-81-18
Nevar .....To snow, imp., a. and r.....80-81, 134-135

O

Obstruir .....To obstruct, a. and r. 108-109
Obtener .....To obtain, a. 34-35
Ofrecer .....To offer, a. and r..... 84-85
Oir .....To hear, a. and r..... 56-57
Oler .....*To smell, a. and n...82-83-29
Oponer .....To oppose, a. and r. 58-59
Oprimir .....To oppress, a. 24-25-139

P

Pacer .....To graze, a. and n... 84-85
Parecer .....To look like, resemble, n. and r..... 84-85
Pedir .....To ask (favors, etc.), to order (merchandise), a. 90-91
Pensar .....To think, a. 80-81
Perder .....To lose, a. and r..... 80-81
Perniquebrar....To break the legs, a. and r. 80-81
Perseguir .....To persecute, pursue a fugitive, dun, a. 90-91-26
Pervertir .....To pervert, a. 94-95
Placer .....To please, a. 84-85
Plegar .....To fold, plait, a. and r. 80-81-18
Poblar .....To populate, a., n. and r. 82-83
Poder .....To be able, a. 48-49
Podrir .....To rot, putrify, decay, a., n. and r. 74-75
Poner .....To put, place, lay, set, a. and r..... 58-59
Poseer .....To possess, a. 20-23
Posponer .....To postpone, a. 58-59
Preconocer .....To know beforehand, a. 84-85
Predecir.....To predict, a. 46-47
Predisponer ....To predispose, a. and r. 58-59

Preferir .....To prefer, a. and r... 94-95
Premorir .....To lead in death, n. 100-103
Presentir .....To forebode, a. 94-95
Presuponer .....To presuppose, a. 58-59
Prevalecer .....To prevail, outshine, n. 84-85
Prevaler .....To prevail, n. and r. 104-105
Prevenir .....To prevent, prepare, foreknow, advise, a. and r..... 62-63
Prever .....To foresee, forecast, a. 64-65
Probar .....To prove, try, demonstrate, a. and n. 82-83
Producir .....To produce, a. and r. 86-87
Proferir .....To say, speak, pronounce words, a. 94-95
Promover .....To promote, a. 82-83
Proponer .....To propose, a. and r. 58-59
Proseguir .....To continue, go on, go ahead, a.....90-91-26
Proveer .....To provide, a. and r. 20-23-140
Provenir .....To come from, arise, n. 62-63
Pudrir .....*To rot, a., n. and r... 74-75

Q

Quebrar .....To break, fail, transgress a law, to be ruptured, a., n. and r. 80-81
Querer .....To want, desire, wish, love, a..... 50-51

R

Raer .....To grate, scrape, a. and def.....40-41-164
Rarefacer .....To rarify, a. and r. 42-43-164
Reaparecer .....To appear again, n. 84-85
Reapretar .....To tight, tighten, again, a. 80-81
Rebullir .....To bustle again, n. and r. 88-89

Recalentar .....To heat again, a. and r. 80-81
Recocer .....To boil again, a. and r. 82-83-22
Recomendar ....To recommend, a. and r. 80-81
Reconocer .....To recognize, a. and r. 84-85
Recontar .....To count again, a..... 82-83
Reconvenir .....To recriminate, retort, scold, a... 62-63
Recordar .....To remember, remind, a., n. and r 82-83
Recostar .....To recline, a. and r. 82-83
Reducir .....To reduce, a. and r. 86-87
Referir .....To refer, a. and r..... 94-95
Refluir .....To flow back, n.....108-109
Reforzar .....To reinforce, a. and r. 82-83-19
Refregar .....To scrub, rub again, a. 80-81-18
Refreir .....To fry again, a..... 92-93
Regañir .....To howl again, n..... 88-89
Regar .....To water, sprinkle, a. 80-81-19
Regimentar .....To form into regiments, a. 80-81
Regir .....To rule, govern, a. and r. 90-91-29
Regoldar .....To belch, eruct, n..... 82-83
Regruñir .....To grunt again, n..... 88-89
Rehacer .....To remake, make again, gain strength a. and r. 42-43
Rehenchir .....To refill, a. and r..... 90-91
Rehervir .....To boil again, a., n. and r. 94-95
Rehuir .....To reject, refuse, a., n. and r.....108-109
Reir .....To laugh, a., n. and r. 92-93
Relucir .....To glitter, shine, excel, n. 84-85
Remendar .....To mend, patch, a... 80-81

Remorder	To cause remorse, a. and r.	82-83
Remover	To remove, a. and r.	82-83
Renacer	To be born again, n.	84-85
Rendir	To render, a. and r.	90-91
Renegar	To renegate, apostitize, disown, detest, abhor, a. and n.	80-81-19
Renovar	To renovate, renew, a. and r.	82-83
Reñir	To quarrel, wrangle, n.	92-93
Repensar	To reconsider, think again, a.	80-81
Repetir	To repeat, a., n. and r.	90-91
Replegar	To fold, plait, retreat, a. and r.	80-81-19
Repoblar	To repopulate, a. and r.	82-83
Repodrir	To rot in excess, a. and r.	74-75
Reprobar	To reprove (not to pass in examinations), a.	82-83
Requebrar	To compliment, break again, a.	80-81
Requerir	To request, a.	94-95
Resaber	To taste very well, a.	52-53
Rescontrar	To balance, compensate an account, a.	82-83
Resembrar	To reset plants, etc., a.	80-81
Resentirse	To resent, r.	94-95
Resollar	To breath, n.	82-83
Resolver	To resolve, determine, a. and r.	82-83
Resonar	To resound, a. and n.	82-83
Resquebrar	To crack, start breaking, n.	80-81
Restablecer	To re-establish, recover from sickness a. and r.	84-85
Restriñir	To constipate, constrain, a.	88-89

Retemblar .....To tremble repeatedly, n. 80-81
Retener .....To retain, a. 34-35
Retentar .....To appear again, come back, renew (sickness), a. 80-81
Retorcer .....To twist again, a. and r. 82-83-22
Retostar .....To toast again, roast again, a. 82-83
Retronar .....To thunder again, a. 82-83
Reventar .....To burst, a., n. and r. 80-81
Revestir .....To dress, to put on clerical robes, a., n. and r..... 90-91
Revolar .....To fly again, n..... 82-83
Revolcar .....To swallow, a. and r. 82-83-18
Revolver .....To revolve, stir up, n. and r..... 82-83
Rodar .....To roll, n. 82-83
Roer .....To gnaw, a. and def. 108-109-164
Rogar .....To beg, pray, entreat, a. 82-83-19

S

Saber .....To know, have information, a. and n. 52-53
Salir .....To go out, n. and r...104-107
Salpimentar ....To season with pepper, a. 80-81
Satisfacer .....To satisfy, a. and r. 42-43
Segar .....To reap, mow, a.....80-81-18
Seguir .....To follow, a. and r. 90-91-26
Sembrar .....To sow, a. 80-81
Sentar .....To seat, to be becoming, a., n. and r. 80-81
Sentir .....To regret, feel, a., n. and r..... 94-95

Ser .....To be, substantive, aux. and n..... 54-55
Serrar .....To saw, a. 80-81
Servir .....To serve, a. 90-91
Sobresalir .....To exceed in height, to surpass, n.....104-107
Sobresembrar ..To sow on ground already sown, a. 80-81
Sobreverterse ..To spill abundantly, r. 80-81
Sofreir .....To fry slightly, a..... 92-93
Soldar .....To solder, a. 82-83
Soler .....To be at some times, a. 82-83, 132-133
Soltar .....To loosen, untie, a. and r. 82-83
Solver .....To solve, a. 82-83
Sonar .....To sound, a., n. and r. 82-83
Sonreir .....To smile, n. and r..... 92-93
Sonrodarse .....To sink the wheels in the mud, r..... 82-83
Soñar .....To dream, a. 82-83
Sosegar .....To appease, quiet, keep still, a. and r. 80-81-18
Sostener .....To sustain, maintain, support, a. and r. 34-35
Soterrar .....To put under ground, a. 80-81
Subarrendar ....To sub-rent, let, a... 80-81
Subscribir .....To subscribe, a. and r. 24-25-162
Substituir .....To substitute, a. 108-109
Substraer..... To subtract, a. 60-61
Sugerir .....To suggest, a. 94-95
Suponer .....To suppose, a. and n. 58-59
Suprimir .....To suppress, a. 24-25-140

T

Tañer .....To play instruments, bells, a. 88-89
Temblar .....To tremble, n. 80-81

Tender	To spread out, lay down, a. and r.	80-81
Tener	To have, hold, possess, a. and r.	34-35
Tentar	To tempt, touch, try, a.	80-81
Teñir	To dye, stain, a. and r.	92-93
Torcer	To twist, distort, a., n. and r.	82-83-22
Tostar	To toast, roast, a. and r.	82-83
Traducir	To translate, a.	86-87
Traer	To bring, a. and r.	60-61
Trascender	To smell, n.	80-81
Trascordarse	To forget, r.	82-83
Trasegar	To overset, decant, a.	80-81-18
Trasoir	To hear wrongly, a.	56-57
Trasoñar	To dream awaken, a.	82-83
Trastrocar	To change the order or nature of things, a. and r.	82-83-18
Trocar	To exchange, swap, say one thing for another, a. and r.	82-83-18
Tronar	To thunder, n.	82-83
Tropezar	To stumble, n. and r.	80-81-19
Tullir	To be crippled or maimed, a., n. and r.	88-89

V

Valer	To be worth, a. and r.	104-105
Venir	To come, n. and r.	62-63
Ver	To see, a. and r.	64-65
Verter	To spill, empty, a., n. and r.	80-81
Vestir	To dress, a., n. and r.	90-91
Volar	To fly, a. and n.	82-83

Volcar .....To overset, turn up, a. and n.....82-83-18
Volver .....To return, come back, a., n. and r..... 82-83

Y

Yacer .....*To lie dead, n. and def. 76-77
Yuxtaponer .....To put, to place together two things, a. and r..... 58-59

Z

Zabullir .....To immerge, duck, plunge, a. and r. 88-89
Zaherir .....To hurt with words, reproach, upbraid, a. 94-95
Zambullir .....To immerge, plunge, duck, a. and r..... 88-89

Notes on Regular Verbs

The following regular verbs have irregular past participles.

Abrir, abierto	To open, opened
Cubrir, cubierto	To cover, covered
Escribir, escrito	To write, written
Imprimir, impreso	To print, printed

Verbs ending in **iar** or **uar** must have the stress indicated by an acute accent mark when it falls on the weak vowel of the termination. Example:

INFINITIVE MODE.

Rociar, Valuar	To sprinkle, to value

INDICATIVE MODE. Present.

Rocío, valúo	I sprinkle, I value
Rocías, valúas	Thou sprinklest, etc.
Rocía, valúa	He sprinkles, etc.
Rociamos valuamos	We sprinkle, etc.
Rociáis, valuáis	You sprinkle, etc.
Rocían, valúan	They sprinkle, etc.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Rocía, valúa tú	Sprinkle, value (thou)
Rocíe, valúe Ud.	Sprinkle, value (you),
Rociemos, valuemos N.	Let us sprinkle, (S. value
Rociad, valuad V.	Sprinkle, value (you), Sing. and Plu.
Rocíen, valúen	Sprinkle, value (you), Plu.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE. Present.

Que yo rocíe, valúe	That I may sprinkle, etc.
" tú rocíes, valúes	That thou mayest sprinkle, etc.
" él rocíe, valúe	That he may sprinkle, etc.
" N. rociemos, valuemos	That we may sprinkle, etc.
" V. rociéis, valuéis	That you may sprinkle, etc.
" E. rocíen, valúen	That they may sprinkle, etc.

The verbs ending in **guar**, same as:

Cambiar, diferenciar	To change, to differentiate
Estudiar, limpiar	To study, to clean
Principiar, presenciar remediar	To begin, to witness, to remedy

do not accent the weak vowel.

Verbs of the second and third conjugation whose stems end in **a** like raer (to scrape), in **e** like creer (to believe), or in **o** like roer (to gnaw), require a written accent on the weak vowel of the past participle for the sake of euphony:

Raído, creído, roído (scraped, believed, gnawed).

DECIR (to say). **Diz** was used instead of **dice**; but at present is used in an impersonal form only and meaning dicen (they say): Diz que habrá guerra (It is said that there will be war). Diz que ese hombre es rico (It is said or they say that that man is rich).

ERRAR (To err)

This verb is conjugated like Acertar (pages 80-81), but the **i** is converted into **y** whenever the **i** forms syllable with the following vowel:

INDICATIVE MODE—Present.

Yerro, yerras, yerra, erramos, erráis, yerran.

IMPERATIVE MODE.

Yerra tú, yerre Ud., erremos, N., errad V., yerren Uds.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE—Present.

Yerre, yerres, yerre, erremos, erréis, yerren.

RAER (to scrape). This verb, but little used, is conjugated like caer with the following exceptions:

INDICATIVE MODE—Present.

Raigo, or rayo, I scrape.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE—Present.

Raiga or raya, raigas or rayas, etc., That I may scrape.

ROER (to gnaw) and its compound CORROER (to corrode) have the following peculiarities:

INDICATIVE MODE—Present.

Roo, roigo or royo, etc., I gnaw, etc.

SUBJUNCTIVE MODE—Present.

Roa, roya or roiga, etc., That I may gnaw, etc.

RAREFACER (to rarify). The past participle of this verb is rarefacto.

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